









Int J Ayu Pharm Chem

CASE STUDY

www.ijapc.com e-ISSN 2350-0204

Role of Varunadi Ksheera Ghrita Nasya in the Management of Ardhavabhedaka w.s.r Migraine - A Single Case Study

Simi Scaria^{1*}, Rajalaxmi M G² and Padmakiran C

¹⁻³Department of Panchakarma, SDMCA Udupi, KA, India

ABSTRACT

Migraine is an episodic attack of headache which is characterized by pain in half side of the head most of the time. *Ardhavabhedaka* is mentioned under *Shiroroga*, and the symptoms having the similarity with migraine in modern parlance. The drugs which are used for migraine in contemporary science are less acceptable because of its side effects. *Ayurveda* comprises variety of natural medications in the treatment of various types of *shiro roga*. *Nasya karma* is considered as the best Panchakarma procedure in *urdwa jatrugata vikaras*, by *Acharya* Charaka. Varunadi ksheera Ghrita is mentioned by Acharya Vagbhata in Ashtanga hridaya Uttara tantra in the context of *Shiroroga Chikitsa*. So, an attempt has been made to assess the efficacy of Varunadi ksheera Ghrita Nasya in the management of *ardhavabhedhaka* / migraine in this single case study.

KEYWORDS

Migraine, Ardhavabhedaka, Nasya karma, Varunadi ksheera ghrita



Received 28/07/2020 Accepted 08/09/2020 Published 10/09/2020



INTRODUCTION

Migraine is highly prevalent disorder worldwide. The most sensitive criteria for migraine is headache worsening with activity¹. In India prevalence of Migraine is 16-20%². Sushruta Samhita explained about 11 types of Shiro $Rogas^{3}$. Ardhavabhedaka is one among them, which is characterized by paroxysmal unilateral headache associated with vertigo and pain of varying intensity⁴. Symptoms have similarity with Migraine in modern perspective. Shiras has been termed as $Uttamanga^5$. Hence, the diseases of Urdhvajatru have been very clearly highlighted in the *Ayurvedic* classics along with their treatment modality. Nasyakarma is the treatment modality mentioned in our classics in the management of *urdhva jatru* gata vyadis. NASA (nose) has been considered as the entryway of Shiras⁶. Nasya karma is indicated to uproot the vitiated and deep-seated doshas from the head.

CASE REPORT

A 56 year female patient K/C/O Hypertension and under medication, visited SDMAH OPD Udupi presented with the complaints of unilateral headache since 10 years. The headache interval was once in 15 days to month which was intense and disturbing her daily routine activities The

head ache associated with was photophobia, nausea, irritability even though not always but in majority of the occasion it was associated. Head ache gets triggered due to stress, hunger, exposure to sunlight, noisy surroundings and crowded area, whereas these symptoms relieved only through analgesics. The above said clinical features were leading to the diagnosis of classical Migraine. In Ayuvedic parlence, it is diagnosed as Ardhavabhedaka on the basis of clinical features like hrillasa, chardi. bhru ativedana. karnakshi lalate ativedana. ativedana, pakshatkupyate masadvaa. swayameva shamvate, appearing akasmat. After assessing the factors like dosha dushya vaya bala and agni of the patient, 7 days of Nasyakarma with varunadi ksheera ghrita was planned in the current study.

SYSTEMIC EXAMINATIONS

Respiratory system – Normal vesicular breathing sound heard Cardiovascular system – S1 S2 heard Central nervous system – Intact Gastrointestinal system - NAD **GENERAL EXAMINATONS:** Pallor – Absent Icterus – Absent Cyanosis – Absent Lymph adenopathy – Absent **ASSESSMENT OF PAIN:**



Migraine pain Assessment criteria and observations are tabulated below in

| SI NO | SYMPTOMS | FEATURES | SCORE |
|-------|--------------------------|---|----------|
| 1 | Intensity of headache | No headache | 0 |
| | - | Mild headache which doesn't interrupt patient's daily | |
| | | routine | 1 |
| | | Moderate headache which interrupts patient's daily | |
| | | activities | 2 |
| | | Severe headache in which patient is unable to do her | |
| | | regular work | 3 |
| | | Severe headache due to which patient prefers to be in | |
| | | bed/dark room | 4 |
| | Frequency of headache | | 0 |
| 2 | riequency of neuclidence | Nil | 0 |
| | | >15 days | 1 |
| | | > 7 days - < 15 days | 2 |
| | | > 3 days - < 7 days | 3 |
| | | 3 days | 4 |
| | Duration of headacha | 5 days | 4 |
| 4 | Duration of headache | N:1 | 0 |
| | | Nil | 0 |
| | | 1-6 hours / day | 1 |
| | | 7 – 12 hours / day | 2 |
| | | 13 – 18 hours / day | 3 |
| | | 18 – 24 hours / day | 4 |
| | Nausea | No nausea | 0 |
| | | Occasionally | 1 |
| | | Moderate nausea but does not disturb daily routine | 2 |
| | | Severe nausea disturbing routine work | 3 |
| | | Severe enough, small amount of fluid regurgitating from | 4 |
| | | mouth | |
| 6 | Vomiting | No vomiting | 0 |
| | | Only if headache does not subside | 1 |
| | | Vomiting 1-2 times | 2 |
| | | Vomiting 2-3 times | 3 |
| | | Forced to take medicine to stop vomiting | 4 |
| 7 | Vertigo | Nil | 0 |
| | 5 | Feeling of giddiness | 1 |
| | | Patient feels as if everything is revolving | 2 |
| | | Revolving signs + blackouts | 3 |
| | | | - |
| | | Unconscious | 4 |
| | Photophobia | Nil | 0 |
| 8 | - notophootu | Very mild | 1 |
| | | Photophobia on exposure to sunlight / bright light. | 2 |
| | | Photophobia on exposure to summit 7 bright light | 3 |
| | | Severe photophobia in which patient unable to open the | <u> </u> |
| | | | 4 |
| | Dhono rhahia | eyes Nil | 0 |
| | Phono phobia | | 0 |
| | | Very mild | 1 |
| | | Moderate phono phobia | 2 |
| | | Severe phono phobia | 3 |
| | | Severe phono phobia which force to take medicine | 4 |

Table No:1.

 Table 1 Assessment chart – GRADING SYSTEM



METHOD OF ADMINISTRATION OF NASYAKARMA:

POORVA KARMA:

Advised the patient to be in empty stomach at least for two hours prior to the procedure.

Sthanika Abhyanga and *vastra sveda* given to, forehead, face, and neck.

Abhyanga was done with moorchita Tila Taila.

➡ Varunadi ksheeraghrita⁷ made into
 sukhoshna by keeping over hot water bath.

PRADHANA KARMA:

After Purva Karma, the patient was made to lie in supine position with head low and legs slightly raised and then 8 drops of sukhoshna varunadi ksheera Ghrita was instilled slowly by using Gokarnika in either of the nostrils. The other nostril was kept closed while instilling the medicine in one nostril. The patient was asked to sniff the instilled medicine followed by slow The same procedure breathing. was repeated in other nostril. After the administration of Nasya, the patient was advised to remain in supine position for a while, and spit out medicines which come in throat. Patient was again subjected to sthanika swedana on urdwa jatru region.

PASHCHATH KARMA:

After the procedure patient was advised to gargle with warm water to expel out the secretions from the throat.

Mridu abhyanga done in pani, pada and skanda pradesha

The patient was directed to avoid dust, smoke, sunshine, alcohol, riding, anger, excess fatty and liquid diet, *divaswapna*.

Advised not to use old water for any purpose like *pana* (Drink), *snana* (Bath) etc.

RESULTS

• After 7 days of Varunadi ksheera Ghrita Nasya improvement was observed in almost all clinical features. Intensity of headache was reduced and duration and frequency of pain was also decreased considerably. There were also improvement in symptoms like photophobia and phono phobia.

• Assessment of symptoms before and after *nasyakarma* were mentioned in **Table No: 2**

• Observations during *Nasya karma* shown in **Table No: 3**

| SI.NO | SYMPTOMS | Before Treatment | After Treatment | |
|-------|------------------------|------------------|-----------------|--|
| 1 | Intensity of headache | 3 | 1 | |
| 2 | Frequency of head ache | 4 | 2 | |
| 3 | Duration of headache | 2 | 1 | |
| 4 | Nausea | 3 | 1 | |



| 5 | Vomiting | 1 | 0 | |
|---|--------------|---|---|--|
| 6 | Vertigo | 0 | 0 | |
| 7 | Photophobia | 3 | 1 | |
| 8 | Phono phobia | 2 | 1 | |

DISCUSSION

Astanga sangraha explained that *NASA* is being the door way to *shiras* reaches *shringataka marma* and spreads in the **Table 3** Observation during Nasya Karma *moordha*, *netra*, *kantha*, *shrotra* etc and take out all the morbid doshas and eliminate it. Migraine is the burning issue stmptoms having resemblance with *ardhavabhedaka*.

| Table 5 Observation during Nasya Karina | | | | |
|---|-----------|-----------|---|--|
| DAY | Т.О.А | DOSE | OBSERVATION | |
| 1 | 10:00 AM | 5 ml /5ml | No changes in headache, more expectoration of kapha | |
| | | | | |
| 2 | 10:00 AM | 5ml / 5ml | Lightness in head | |
| 3 | 10: 00 AM | 5ml /5ml | Indriya prasada | |
| 4 | 10:00 AM | 5ml / 5ml | Slight reduction of headache, lightness | |
| 5 | 10:00 AM | 5ml / 5ml | Feeling better, lightness in chest and body | |
| 6 | 10:00 AM | 5ml / 5ml | Significant reduction of headache and nice sleep in night | |
| 7 | 10:00 AM | 5ml / 5ml | No headache, lightness in head, feeling freshness | |
| | | | | |

Which explained as *tridoshaja Vyadhi*⁸. Regarding the response of treatment on symptoms in the patient was highly significant, response in symptoms of intensity of pain, episodic interval, duration of headache and phonophobia was reduced, which may be because of the drug administered through nose reaches the shringataka marma and spreads throughout the murdha, netra, shrotra etc. through their siras. Nasyakarma eliminates the morbid doshas of *urdhwa jatru* and expels them from the uttamanga. The nutritive part of *nasya* nourishes the *shiras* by the virtue its potency. Acharyas have mentioned that samskarita ghrita has Tridosha Shamana property. Hence, Varunadi ksheera ghrita Nasya provides relief from symptoms of *Ardhavabhedaka* due to its *Tridosha Shamaka* property.

CONCLUSION

By this single case study it may be concluded that varunadi ksheera ghrita nasya is effective in the management of migraine - *ardhavabhedhaka*, because the combination of drugs used in the preparation Varunadi ksheera ghrita and its *tridosha shamaka* property. Better results was obtained through *nasya karma* by reaching actual site of pathogenesis. There was reduction in frequency, and symptoms of headache as reported by patient herself during follow up. "NASA HI SHIRASO DWARAM" - nose is considered as the gateway of *shiras*. Nasya karma is the treatment modality can reach brain cells by



crossing blood brain barrier as explained in our *Samhita* long - long years back.



REFERENCES

1. G Kulkarni, G Rao, G Gururaj, DK Subbakrishna, T Steiner, and LJ Stovner. The prevalence and burden of migraine in india: results of a population-based study in Karnataka state, J Headache Pain, v.15 (Suppl 1); 2014

2. Mark W Green, John C.M Burst, Current diagnosis and treatment, Neurology, Headache and facial pain, International Edition, 2008, Mc Graw Hill publications, Singapore.

3. Acharya Yadavji Trikamaji, N M Acharya, editor. Sushruta Samhita of Sushruta with Nibandhsangraha Dalhana Commentry of Acharya 3rd ed., Ch.25. Uttarsthana. Ver.15 Varanasi: Chaukhambha Surbharati Prakashan: 2014.

4. Acharya Yadavji Trikamaji, N M Acharya, editor. Sushruta Samhita of Sushruta with Nibandhsangraha Commentry of Dalhana Acharya, Uttarsthana. 3rd ed., Ch.25, Ver.15 Varanasi: Chaukhambha Surbharati Prakashan; 2014.

5. Acharya Yadavji Trikamji, editor. Charak Samhita of Agnivesha with Ayurveda Dipika commentary of Chakrapanidatta, Sutra Sthana. Ch. 17, Ver.12, Reprint edition. Varanasi: Chaukhambha Prakashan;2011. 6. Acharya Yadavji Trikamji, editor. Charak Samhita of Agnivesha with Dipika Ayurveda commentary of Chakrapanidatta, Siddhi Sthana. Ch. 09, Ver.88. Reprint edition. Varanasi: Chaukhambha Prakashan; 2011.

7. Paradkar HS, editor. Astanga Hridaya of Vagbhatta with Sarvangasundra commentary of Arunadatta & Ayurvedarasayana of Hemadri, Uttara Sthana. Ch.24, Ver.7, 6th ed., Varansi: Chaukhambha Surbharati Prakashan; 2014. 8. Paradkar HS, editor. Astanga Hridaya of Vagbhatta with Sarvangasundra Arunadatta & commentary of Ayurvedarasayana of Hemadri, Kalpa-Siddhi sthana. Ch.2, Ver.21-23, 6th ed., Varansi: Chaukhambha Surbharati Prakashan;2014.

9. http://blog.themigrainereliefcenter.com