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Importance of Yama and Niyama in Vranita

Veena J Kulkarni*

*Department of *Shalyatantra*, Jupiter Ayruvedic College and Hospital, *Shankarpur*, Nagpur, Maharashtra, India

ABSTRACT

As Sushrutacharya exemplified *Shashthiupkramas* of *Vranachikitsa*, the conclusive *Upkrama* is *Rakshavidhan*. In another words, we can say that one part of *Viharchikitsa* of *Vranita*. According to Ayurved, each and every disease is psycho-somatic. So we have to speculate both about body and mind. Here we want to enlighten psyche i.e. the mind, because fluctuation of *Mana* causes both physical and mental diseases. According to Ayurveda, *Mana* is *Chanchal*¹. As *Chitta* and body are *Samayogvahi* that means they follow each other so, for balancing of both, *Chittavruti- Nirodh* is mandatory which is accompanied by *Ashtanga yoga* and hereby *Yama* and *Niyama*. This literature examines pursues the need of balance between body and mind in *Vranita* for fast recovery.

KEYWORDS

Shasthiupkrama, Vranita, Rakshavidhan, Yama, Niyama



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INTRODUCTION

Vranas or wounds are prevalent in subjects. All the subjects are doctored by adopting therapies; but according to crucial Sushrutacharya, this is incomplete treatment. pain, discharge, as Dirghakalanubandhita, late healing etc. Symptoms procure the subjects to doctors; which is hectic for subjects, so due to stress; mind is also disturbed and the balance between body and mind is also not maintained. This can be gained by Yama and Niyama.

We all ratrified the pivotal role of 'Yoga" in our daily life. Sage Patanjali categorized the *Ashtanga Yoga*; which signifies eight limbs of yoga.

Here we seize two *Angas* that are *Yama* and *Niyama*, which comes under the *Viharchikitsa*.

Yama exists for personal discipline and Niyama for social. By obtaining these 2 Angas, we can formulate a optimistic and positive personality which is very integral to alleviate the Vrana in Vranita.

REVIEW OF LITERATURE

According to Ayureveda, *Vata*, *Pitta*, *Kapha* are *Sharirik* (Physical) *Doshas*; *Manasdosha* are *Rajas*, *Tamas* they both vitiated the mind and vitiation of mind and body causes number of diseases³. Also, A

Yoga, *Atiyoga*, *Mithya yoga* of *Kala Artha*, *Karma* Causes *Roga/Vyadhi* (diseases)⁴.

Again *Pragdhya-paradh*, means *Dhi*, *Dhruti*, *Smruti*, *Vibhransh*, generate *Sharirik* and *Manasik* (physical and mental) *Doshas* because of abnormal *Karmas*⁵.

To overcome these things we can use *Yama* and *Niyama angas* for *Vihara Chikitsa* in *Vranita*.

Yama:

It is the first limb of Patanjali's Ashtanga *Yoga* and means taking a vow; by following the Yama one can stick to ideas and principles. It is totally about development of positivity. There are 5 types of Yamas. Ahimsa (non-violence) is the first type in which non-violence is necessary, then another is Satya – one can remember the truth, third is *Asteya*. In this, one must know that all is one. Next is Bramhacharyameans divine attribute; In Ayurveda this is included in *Trayopstambha*. Last one is Aparigraha, non-covetousness. Parigraha leads to anxiety to preserve, fear of loss, anger, untruthfulness etc. But, Aparigraha puts an end to all cravings. It vanishes attachment, anger, jealousy, anxiety etc.

Niyama:

Shoucha, Santosh, Tapas, Swadhyaya and Ishwar Pranidhan are Angas of Niyama. Shouch is both external and internal purity. Santosh is willingness to accept the things as they are. Third is Tapas which leads to



control of the mind. *Swadhyaya* is asking the question "who am I?" It feels mind with *Satva*. The last one is *Ishwar Pranidhana* means to surrender to god.

DISCUSSION

In *Vranita*, both *Sharirik* and *Manasik Chikitsa* is required, because *Sharirik Vyadhi* affects the *Mana*. In Ayurevedic texts, there is description about *Shoka*, *Krodha*, *Maithuna* are the factors or *Karanas* which affects the healing of *Vrana*⁶. *Shoka*, *Krodha* are *Manasik Bhavas*, which vitiates *Vata* and *Pitta*. As *Vata* is *Rajo-bahul*, *Rajo-gunas* are increased. In the same manner, "*krodhat Pittam*" *Pitta* is vitiated, which delays the wound healing. So *Satvaguna* of *Mana* is increased by using *Yama* and *Niyama*.

CONCLUSION

In present era; stress induced diseases are more, *Vrana* is also one of them, to control the stress and other *Manasik Bhava*, Ayurveda and *Yoga* described mental health care for healthy body and mind. By using *Yama* and *Niyama*, one can control mind.



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