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Review on Guda Varti in the Management of Arshas

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ABSTRACT

Arshas is worldwide public health crisis. Ayurveda offers various measures for the management of arshas. Of these measures bheshaja chikitsa is having more importance. Guda Varti is considered as foremost chikitsa. In this paper its thorough description of properties, preparation and procedure is studied. As varti proyoga are found effective against arshas, their usuage should be fostered in current ayurvedic practise.

KEYWORDS

Arshas, Bheshaja chikitsa, Guda varti



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INTRODUCTION

Ayurveda Acharyas have mentioned four therapeutic measures for the treatment of arshas- bheshaja, sastra, kshara and agni¹. Of these, bheshaja chikitsa has a major role as it is safe and easy to apply. Bheshaja chikitsa in arshas can again be classified into bahya and abhyanthara. Medicines can be applied externally in arshas as abhyanga, swedana, parisheka, avagaha, dhoopana lepana and guda varti. Among these, varti is considered as having great value. Varti is a stanika chikitsa which is applied locally and drugs are released constantly in guda pradesha. Susruta says stanika chikitsa stops the provocation of dosha and pacify them just like water stops the fire of burning house, while explaining importance of stanika chikitsa. Charakacharya and vaghbhattaacharya mention varti has local effect on arshas as it reduces pain and congestion along with sanchita rudira. This technique is simple and convenient to the patient with minimum interference in his/her day to day activities.

Varti Kalpana²

The term *varti* means that which is residing or a wick made up of cotton cloth or a paste made up of fragrant substances for body smearing. Many varieties of *varti* are mentioned in literature and these are

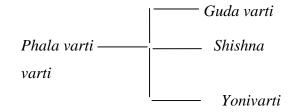
prepared in longitudinal shape just like a cotton roll. These are thicker in the middle and thinner in the ends. Generally they are used to get local effect (*phala varti*, *yoni varti*, *vrana varti* etc) and sometimes for systemic effects (*dhooma varti*, *samshodana varti and anaha varti* etc).

Types of Varti

There are different type of *varti* mentioned depending upon various criterias like *roga*, *rogi*, *sthana*, *dosha* and *karma*.

- 1. Phala varti
- 2. Netra varti
- 3. Nasa varti
- 4. Dhuma varti
- 5. Vrana varti

In Ayurveda phala varti³ is popularly used for introducing into the rectum, urethra, and vagina. It causes vayu anulomana which results in the elimination of mala and mootra along with the removal of sanchitha sleshma pooya dosas. According to sthana it is of three types



Guda varti

Guda varti can be called as a synonymn for phala varti. For the removal of sanchita shushka mala, kupitha vayu, vasti drava



and other *dosha* - *dusiyas*, *guda varti* is used. *Kshara* and *lavana yukta rechaka vatanulomaka* drugs are choosen.

Preparation of Varti

There are two different type of preparation mentioned in classics depending upon type of base

- 1. Guda paka metod.
- 2. Other *sneha drava dravyas* as base.

Guda paka method

- Here jaggrey is used as a base.
- The prescribed drugs are finely powdered.
- Jaggrey is dissolved in water and filtered.
- Jaggrey solution is boiled on simmer flame to thicker consistency.
- On obtaining *leha paka*, powdered drugs re-added to it and ground to fine paste and rolled into *varti* of required size and shape.
- After achieving the *leha* consistency, fine powder of medicinal drugs is added to this mixture and stirred well. This paste is rolled into *varti* of required size and shape.

Other sneha drava dravyas as base

- Prescribed drugs are made into fine powders.
- These are pounded to fine paste by adding prescribed fluids, oils or other *sneha dravyas* like bees wax etc.

• After fine paste is obtained, the product is rolled into oval or elliptical shape *varti* of required size.

Mode of application

Patient is made to lie down in lithotomy position or in left lateral position. Then *varti* is introduced inside *guda* after proper lubrication of both *guda* and *varti*, with *ghritha* such a way that *varti* should touch the *mamsankura*.

Some of the important guda varti are jeemootadi guda varti⁴, pootikaranjadi gudavarti, sooranadi guda varti, haridradi guda varti⁵ etc.

CONCLUSION

Guda varti removes sanchitha rudira, stambha, shoola, kandu, shwayathu in arshas. It takes away arshas from its roots (Arsh samoola nivratheye)^{6,7}. Varti prayoga hence can be best utilized in the management of arshas as it is safe, simple and give immense relief for patients suffering from symptoms of arshas.



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