Novel Synthesis of Hexahydrochromeno[4,3-b]pyrrolo[2,1-a]isoquinolines via C-H Functionalization

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Received: 16 June 2018; Accepted: 14 August 2018; Published online: 31 December 2018; AJC-19191

In present work, an efficient and direct method for the synthesis of hexahydrochromeno[4,3-b]pyrrolo[2,1-a]isoquinolines is reported. This method involves $\circledR$ T3P mediated oxidation of alcohols to aldehydes followed by $[3+2]$ cycloaddition to afford hexahydrochromeno[4,3-b]-pyrrolo[2,1-a]isoquinolines with good yields.

Keywords: C-H Functionalization, ®T3P, [3+2] Cycloaddition, Chromene, Isoquinolines.

## INTRODUCTION

Hexahydrochromeno[4,3-b]pyrrolo[2,1-a]isoquinolines derivatives are structural elements of natural products of great significance for their biological and pharmacological activity, such as acetylcholinesterase inhibitors [1], topoisomerase I inhibitors [2], cytotoxic effect, mitochondrial function inhibitors, proteinkinase inhibitors, multidrug resistance (MDR) reversal activity, HIV I interphase inhibitors, antioxidant activity, anticancerogenic properties [3]. Furthermore, hexahydrochro-meno[4,3-b]pyrrolo[2,1-a]isoquinolines scaffold form the essence structure of large marine alkaloid family Lamellarins (Fig. 1).


Fig. 1
The [3+2] cycloaddition reaction is a robust method for the synthesis of bicyclic saturated five-membered heterocycles, and consequently, it has been broadly studied by researchers
[4]. Formation of fused nitrogen-containing bicyclic systems generally occurs with high regio and stereoselectively by intramolecular [3+2] cycloaddition reactions [5]. Among the methods that are available to generate non-stabilized azomethine ylides most frequently prepared via decarboxylative condensation of aldehydes with amino acids such as proline and sarcosine [6]. Majority of examples described in the literature pertain to the synthesis of chromeno[4,3-b]pyrrole fused skeletons and only limited reports are available for the synthesis of chromeno [3,4-b]pyrroles. Synthesis of chromeno[4,3-b]pyrrole via deprotonation route was first reported by Confalone and Huie [7]. Intramolecular azomethine ylide cycloaddition reaction for the synthesis of same type of compounds extensively studied by Grigg et al. [8]. Synthesis of 1-benzopyrano[3,4-c]pyrrolidines by reaction of 3 -substituted coumarins with N -alkyl- $\alpha$-amino acids and aldehydes by Moshkin et al. [9]. Intramolecular [3+2] azomethine ylide cycloaddition reaction was the key step in the synthesis of tricyclic core of martinellic acid, which are bradykinin B1 and B2 receptor antagonists [10].

Propylphosphonic anhydride (®T3P) has received much attention as a coupling agent and as a water scavenger [11,12], offering several advantages such as high yields, purity, low toxicity, broad functional group tolerance and easy work-up when compared to traditional reagents. ®T3P was initially employed as peptide coupling agent, dehydrating agent. Its utility was successfully demonstrated in rearrangement reactions, heterocyclic synthesis and C-C bond formation. In continuation

[^0]of our work on synthetic applications of $\circledR^{\circledR}$ T3P to the synthesis of heterocyclic compounds [13]. Though, ®T3P has been identified as a mild water scavenger, the wider scope and synthetic utility of this reagent for oxidization and cycloaddition have not been explored. With a need to develop simpler methods for the synthesis of hexahydrochromeno [4,3-b]pyrrolo[2,1-a]isoquinolines annulated heterocycles and in continuation of our work on the development of the useful synthetic methodologies [6,13-20], herein we report novel, direct approach for synthesis of hexahydrochromeno[4,3-b]pyrrolo[2,1-a]isoquinolines and its analogues. The tandem process involves oxidation of alcohol to aldehyde and intramolecular 1,3-dipolar cycloaddition reaction under mild conditions.

## EXPERIMENTAL

All the chemicals were purchased from commercial sources and used as such. Purification of reaction products was carried out by flash column chromatography. IR spectra were recorded by Perkin-Elmer 1000 instrument in KBr pellets. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ and ${ }^{13} \mathrm{CNMR}$ were recorded in $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ solvent by 400 MHz spectrometer. Mass spectra were recorded on a Finnigan LCQ-DUO mass spectrometer.

General synthesis of products $3 \mathrm{a}-3 \mathrm{n}$ : To a solution of alcohol $1(1.0 \mathrm{mmol})$ in DMSO $(2 \mathrm{~mL})$, was added at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ propylphosphonic anhydride (®T3P) ( $1.0 \mathrm{mmol}, 50 \%$ solution in ethyl acetate) and the resulting reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1-2 h under nitrogen atmosphere. The reaction was monitored by TLC, after the completion of reaction, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure. The crude product was taken in toluene, amine $2(1.2 \mathrm{mmol})$ and acetic acid ( 0.5 equiv) was added and stirred further for 1-2 h. After completion of the reaction, the mixture was diluted with water $(20 \mathrm{~mL})$ and neutralized with $10 \% \mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}$ solution. The product was extracted with ethyl acetate $(10 \mathrm{~mL})$ and the combined organic phase was washed with water $(10 \mathrm{~mL})$ and brine solution. The organic phase was dried over anhydrous $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$. The solvent was dried under reduced pressure to afford a crude product, which was purified on silica gel using ethyl acetate and petroleum ether (Scheme-I).

## Characterization data

(6aR,7R,7aS,14aS)-ethyl-6a,7,7a,12,13,14a-hexahydro$\mathbf{6 H}$-chromeno $\left[3^{\prime}, 4^{\prime}: 4,5\right]$ pyrrolo $\left.2,1-a\right]$ isoquinoline-7carboxylate (3a): Colourless solid in $89 \%$ yield; $\left(\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.31\right.$ in hexane/EtOAc 80:20 v/v); m.p.: $149-151^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; IR ( $\mathrm{KBr}, v_{\max }$, $\left.\mathrm{cm}^{-1}\right): 2948,2927,2897,1724,1483,1448,1397,1224,1118$, 956, 757, 654. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $500 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 7.44(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.6$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.16(\mathrm{t}, J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.12-7.00(4 \mathrm{H}), 6.94(\mathrm{t}, J=$ $7.5, \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.86(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.3, \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.48-4.41(2 \mathrm{H}), 4.32$ (dd, $J=11.5,4.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.22(\mathrm{dd}, J=11.5,2.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.78$
$(\mathrm{dq}, J=10.7,7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.65(\mathrm{dq}, J=10.8,7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $3.55(\mathrm{dd}, J=9.3,6.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.50-3.45(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.30-3.25(\mathrm{~m}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 3.04-2.96(2 \mathrm{H}), 2.94-2.87(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 0.94(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H})$. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $125 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 174.2,155.9,135.5,134.0,130.5$, 128.7, 128.5, 128.0, 126.6, 125.4, 123.1, 121.5, 116.9, 66.3, 62.8, 62.6, 60.7, 52.0, 46.3, 40.9, 30.0, 14.0. (ESI-MS) m/z $350.2[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$. Elemental anal. calcd. (found) $\%$ for $\mathrm{C}_{22} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{NO}_{3}$ : C, 75.62 (75.65); H, 6.62 (6.66); N, 4.01 (4.07); O, 13.75 (13.77).
( $6 \mathrm{a} R, 7 R, 7 \mathrm{a}, 14 \mathrm{a} S$ )-ethyl-2,4-dibromo-6a,7,7a,12,13, 14a-hexahydro-6H-chromeno[ $\left.3^{\prime}, 4^{\prime}: 4,5\right]$ pyrrolo[2,1-a]isoquinoline-7-carboxylate (3b): Colourless solid in $72 \%$ yield. ( $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.49$ in hexane/EtOAc 80:20 v/v); m.p.: 145-147 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; IR (KBr, $v_{\text {max }}, \mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ): 2977, 2933, 2844, 1728, 1554, 1441, 1382, 1235, 1206, 1178, 852, 742, 647. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 500 MHz , $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): ~ \delta 7.55-7.53(2 \mathrm{H}), 7.12-7.05(3 \mathrm{H}), 7.03(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 4.46(\mathrm{dd}, J=11.7,3.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.40-4.37(2 \mathrm{H}), 4.27(\mathrm{dd}, J$ $=11.7,2.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.78(\mathrm{dq}, J=10.7,7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.62(\mathrm{dq}, J$ $=10.7,7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.51(\mathrm{dd}, J=9.3,6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.45-3.38$ $(\mathrm{m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.33-3.29(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.03-2.94(2 \mathrm{H}), 2.90-2.83(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $0.94(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $125 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 173.8$, 151.6, 135.2, 134.5, 133.2, 132.2, 128.6, 128.1, 126.8, 126.6, $125.4,113.5,111.7,67.1,62.8,60.8,51.7,46.3,40.2,29.0$, 13.9; ESI-MS m/z $508.0[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$. Elemental anal. calcd. (found) \% for $\mathrm{C}_{22} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{Br}_{2} \mathrm{NO}_{3}$ : C, 52.16 (52.15); $\mathrm{H}, 4.20$ (4.20); $\mathrm{N}, 2.70$ (2.73); O, 9.40 (9.41); Br, 31.54 (31.55).
(6aR,7R,7aS,14aS)-ethyl-2-methyl-6a,7,7a,12,13, 14a-hexahydro-6H-chromeno[ $\left.3^{\prime}, 4^{\prime}: 4,5\right]$ pyrrolo $[2,1-a]$ iso-quinoline-7-carboxylate (3c): Colourless solid in $66 \%$ yield. ( $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.39$ in hexane/EtOAc 80:20 v/v); m.p.: 118-120 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; IR ( $\mathrm{KBr}, v_{\text {max }}, \mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ): 2981, 2940, 2843, 1728, 1581, 1382, 1321, 1272, 1043, 912, 818, 754, 575. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta$ $7.23(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.10-7.00(\mathrm{comp}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 6.95(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.3,2.2 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 6.75(\mathrm{app} \mathrm{d}, J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.43(\mathrm{~d}, J=9.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, 4.39 (d, $J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.28$ (dd, $J=11.5,3.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.17$ (dd, $J=11.5,2.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.77(\mathrm{dq}, J=10.8,7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, 3.63 (dq, $J=10.8,7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.53(\mathrm{dd}, J=9.3,6.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $3.50-3.42(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.27(\mathrm{tt}, J=6.4,3.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.04-2.94(2 \mathrm{H})$, 2.93-2.85 (m, 1H), $2.26(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 0.93(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 174.3,153.7,135.4,133.9,130.7$, $130.5,129.4,128.5,128.1,126.5,125.3,122.7,116.6,66.3$, 62.8, 60.6, 52.0, 46.4, 41.0, 29.1, 20.9, 14.0; ESI-MS m/z 364.2 $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$. Elemental anal. calcd. (found) \% for $\mathrm{C}_{23} \mathrm{H}_{25} \mathrm{NO}_{3}: \mathrm{C}$, 76.10 (76.05); H, 6.97 (6.97); N, 3.78 (3.80); O, 13.15 (13.21).
( $6 \mathrm{a} R, 7 R, 7 \mathrm{a} S, 14 \mathrm{a} S$ )-ethyl-2-methoxy-6a,7,7a,12,13, 14a-hexahydro- 6 H -chromeno $\left[3^{\prime}, 4^{\prime}: 4,5\right]$ pyrrolo $[2,1-a]$ iso-quinoline-7-carboxylate (3d): Colourless solid in 69 \% yield. $\left(\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.41\right.$ in hexane/EtOAc 80:20 v/v); m.p.: 116-118 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR (KBr, $\nu_{\text {max }}, \mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ): 2982, 2935, 1719, 1498, 1461, 1249, 1259,

$1156,1186,931,906,817 .{ }^{1} \mathrm{HNMR}\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ : $\delta 7.12-$ $7.00(4 \mathrm{H}), 6.97(\mathrm{~d}, J=3.01 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.79(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, 6.74 (dd, $J=8.9,3.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.43-4.37(2 \mathrm{H}), 4.27(\mathrm{dd}, J=$ $11.5,3.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.16$ (dd, $J=11.5,2.5, \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.82-3.73$ $(4 \mathrm{H}), 3.64(\mathrm{dq}, J=10.8,7.1, \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.53(\mathrm{dd}, J=9.3,6.3$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.46(\mathrm{tt}, J=8.3,4.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.29-3.25(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.04-$ $2.95(2 \mathrm{H}), 2.93-2.85(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 0.94(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $125 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 174.3,154.2,150.0,135.5,134.0$, 128.6, 128.1, 126.6, 125.4, 123.8, 117.7, 115.3, 114.3, 66.5, 63.2, 62.9, 60.7, 56.0, 52.0, 46.5, 41.1, 29.3, 14.0. ESI-MS m/z $380.3[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$. Elemental anal. calcd. (found) $\%$ for $\mathrm{C}_{23} \mathrm{H}_{25} \mathrm{NO}_{4}$ : C, 72.82 (72.84); H, 6.63 (6.61); N, 3.63 (3.65); O, 16.82 (16.84).
( $6 \mathrm{a} R, 7 R, 7 \mathrm{aS}, 14 \mathrm{aS}$ )-ethyl-2-chloro-6a,7,7a,12,13,14a-hexahydro-6H-chromeno $\left[3^{\prime}, 4^{\prime}: 4,5\right]$ pyrrolo $[2,1-a]$ iso-quinoline-7-carboxylate (3e): Colourless solid in $75 \%$ yield. ( $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.37$ in hexane/EtOAc 80:20 v/v); m.p.: $150-152{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; IR $\left(\mathrm{KBr}, \nu_{\max }, \mathrm{cm}^{-1}\right): 2968,2935,1727,1481,1456,1378,1252$, $1218,1132,912,752 .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $500 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 7.42$ (d, $J=2.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.14-7.03(4 \mathrm{H}), 7.01(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.79$ $(\mathrm{d}, J=8.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.42(\mathrm{~d}, J=9.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.37(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 4.31(\mathrm{dd}, \mathrm{J}=11.6,3.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.19(\mathrm{dd}, J=11.6,2.7$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.77$ (dq, $J=11.0,7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.63(\mathrm{dq}, J=10.9,7.1$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.49$ (dd, $J=9.4,6.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$ ), 3.47-3.40 (m, 1H), 3.27 (tt, $J=6.6,3.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.04-2.96$ (m, 2H), 2.91-2.83 $(\mathrm{m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 0.93(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $125 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): S 174.0, 154.4, 135.3, 133.6, 129.9, 128.7, 128.6, 128.0, 126.7, $126.3,125.4,124.8,118.4,66.3,62.8,62.6,60.7,51.9,46.3$, 40.5, 29.0, 13.9; ESI-MS m/z 384.3 [M + H] ${ }^{+}$. Elemental anal. calcd. (found) \% for $\mathrm{C}_{22} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{NO}_{3} \mathrm{Cl}$ : C, 68.70 (68.78); $\mathrm{H}, 5.63$ (5.82); N, 3.60 (3.61); O, 12.52 (12.56); Cl, 9.25 (9.29).
( $6 \mathrm{a} R, 7 R, 7 \mathrm{a}, 14 \mathrm{aS}$ )-ethyl-2-bromo-6a,7,7a,12,13, 14a-hexahydro- $6 H$-chromeno $\left[3^{\prime}, 4^{\prime}: 4,5\right]$ pyrrolo $[2,1-a]$ iso-quinoline-7-carboxylate (3f): Colourless solid in $76 \%$ yield. $\left(\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.35\right.$ in hexanes/EtOAc 80:20 v/v); m.p.: 168-170 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; IR $\left(\mathrm{KBr}, \nu_{\max }, \mathrm{cm}^{-1}\right): 2975,2920,2845,1719,1486,1469,1412$, $1338,1311,1232,1164,1112,1032,892,761 .^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR (500 $\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 7.83(\mathrm{~d}, J=2.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.19$ (dd, $J=8.7,2.5$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.09-7.04(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.02-6.95(2 \mathrm{H}), 6.80-6.71(2 \mathrm{H})$, $4.41(\mathrm{~d}, J=9.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.01(\mathrm{dd}, J=11.7,3.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.93$ (d, $J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.76-3.66(2 \mathrm{H}), 3.61(\mathrm{dq}, J=10.7,7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 3.50(\mathrm{dd}, J=9.5,6.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.47-3.40(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.08$ (ddt, $J=9.9,6.6,2.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.89$ (ddd, $J=15.4,10.6,5.5$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.72-2.62(2 \mathrm{H}), 0.78(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $125 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 174.0,154.9,135.3,133.5,132.9,131.6$, $128.6,128.0,126.7,125.4,125.3,118.8,113.6,66.3,62.8,62.6$, 60.7, 51.9, 46.3, 40.5, 29.0, 13.9. ESI-MS $m / z 429.2[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$. Elemental anal. calcd. (found) \% for $\mathrm{C}_{22} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{NO}_{3} \mathrm{Br}$ : C, 61.70 (61.74); H, 5.18 (5.20); N, 3.22 (3.25); O, 11.21 (11.25); Br, 18.65 (18.69).
( $6 \mathrm{a} R, 7 R, 7 \mathrm{a} S, 14 \mathrm{a} S$ )-ethyl-4-methoxy-6a,7,7a,12,13, 14a-hexahydro- 6 H -chromeno $\left[3^{\prime}, 4^{\prime}: 4,5\right]$ pyrrolo $[2,1-a]$ iso-quinoline-7-carboxylate (3g): Colorless solid in $67 \%$ yield ( $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.21$ in hexane/EtOAc 80:20 v/v); m.p.: 128-130 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; IR $\left(\mathrm{KBr}, \nu_{\max }, \mathrm{cm}^{-1}\right): 2974,2860,1737,1684,1583,1479,1442$, 1383, 1304, 1249, 1172, 1027, 946, 801, 758, 649; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $500 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 7.09-7.03(4 \mathrm{H}), 7.02-6.98(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.89$ (t, $J=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.77(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.50-4.40(3 \mathrm{H})$, 4.25 (dd, $J=11.5,2.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.89(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.78$ (dq, $J=10.9$, $7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.68-3.56(2 \mathrm{H}), 3.50-3.42(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.28(\mathrm{tdd}, J=$
$6.6,3.7,2.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.04-2.93(2 \mathrm{H}), 2.93-2.85(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}) 0.92$ (t, J=7.2 Hz, 3H); ${ }^{13} \mathrm{CNMR}\left(125 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right.$ ): $\delta 174.1,148.3$, 145.4, 135.3, 133.8, 128.6, 128.0, 126.6, 125.4, 122.1, 121.0, $110.2,66.8,62.8,62.5,60.7,56.1,51.8,46.4,40.8,29.0,14.0$; $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}$ (ESI- MS) $380.3[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$. Elemental anal. calcd. (found) \% for $\mathrm{C}_{23} \mathrm{H}_{25} \mathrm{NO}_{4}$ : C, 72.82 (72.76); H, 6.60 (6.68); N, 3.60 (3.72); O, 16.88 (16.85).
(6aR,7R,7aS,14aS)-ethyl-9,10-dimethoxy-6a,7,7a, 12, 13,14a-hexahydro-6H-chromeno[3', $\left.4^{\prime}: 4,5\right]$-pyrrolo[2,1-a]-isoquinoline-7-carboxylate (3h): Colourless solid in 66\% yield. ( $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.11$ in hexane/EtOAc 80:20 v/v); m.p.: 196-198 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; IR (KBr, $\mathrm{v}_{\max }, \mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ): 2940, 2908, 2841, 1724, 1522, 1464, 1380, 1257, 1244, 1228, 1118, 1017, 872, 761. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR (500 $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 7.43(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.15(\mathrm{t}, J=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 6.93(\mathrm{t}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.84(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.0, \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.57(\mathrm{~s}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 6.53(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.42(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.38-4.27(2 \mathrm{H})$, $4.21(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.89-3.81(4 \mathrm{H}), 3.78(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.68$ (dq, $J=13.1,7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.51(\mathrm{dd}, J=9.4,6.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, 3.48-3.41 (m, 1H), 3.33-3.27 (m, 1H), 2.01-2.87 (2H) 2.83$2.76(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 0.97(\mathrm{t}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 125 MHz , $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 174.3,155.9,147.7,146.9,130.5,128.7,127.5,125.4$, $122.9,121.6,116.9,111.1,110.9,66.3,62.8,62.7,60.7,56.0$, 55.9, 51.9, 46.4, 40.9, 28.5, 14.1. ESI-MS $m / z 410.2[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$. Elemental anal. calcd. (found) \% for $\mathrm{C}_{24} \mathrm{H}_{27} \mathrm{NO}_{5}$ : C, 70.40 (70.44); H, 6.60 (6.63); N, 3.44 (3.46); O, 19.52 (19.56).
( $6 \mathrm{a} R, 7 R, 7 \mathrm{aS}, 14 \mathrm{aS}$ )-ethyl-2,4-dibromo-9,10-dimethoxy-6a,7,7a,12,13,14a-hexahydro-6H-chromeno[ $\left.3^{\prime}, 4^{\prime}: 4,5\right]$ -pyrrolo[2,1-a]-isoquinoline-7-carboxylate (3i): Colourless solid in 72 \% yield. $\left(\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.11\right.$ in hexane/EtOAc 80:20 v/v); m.p.: $136-138^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR ( $\mathrm{KBr}, v_{\max }, \mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ): 2915, 1712, 1518,1466 , 1440, 1239, 1244, 1228, 1133, 1038, 924, 855. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR (500 $\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 7.56-7.52(2 \mathrm{H}), 6.57(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.54(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.46$ (dd, $J=11.5,3.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.37(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.31(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $9.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.26(\mathrm{dd}, J=11.8,2.3,1 \mathrm{H}), 3.89-3.81(4 \mathrm{H}), 3.79$ (s, 3H), 3.67 (dq, $J=10.9,7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.49(\mathrm{dd}, J=9.4,6.7 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 3.43-3.37(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.34(\mathrm{tt}, J=6.6,3.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.98-2.90$ $(2 \mathrm{H}), 2.81-2.72(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 0.97(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (125 $\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 174.1,151.7,147.9,146.9,134.5,132.3,127.4$, $126.7,124.9,113.6,111.7,111.1,110.9,67.2,63.0,62.8,60.9$, 56.0, 51.7, 46.5, 40.4, 28.7, 14.4, 14.1. ESI-MS m/z 568.2 [M $+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$. Elemental anal. calcd. (found) $\%$ for $\mathrm{C}_{24} \mathrm{H}_{25} \mathrm{NO}_{5} \mathrm{Br}_{2}$ : C, 50.80 (50.87); H, 4.44 (4.48); N, 2.42 (2.44); O, 14.12 (14.15); Br, 28.10 (28.13).
( $6 \mathrm{bS}, 14 \mathrm{bS}, 15 R, 15 \mathrm{a} R$ )-ethyl-3,5-dibromo-1,6b,8,9,9a, $14,14 a, 14 b, 15,15 a-d e c a h y d r o c h r o m e n o\left[3^{\prime}, 4^{\prime}: 2,3\right]$ -indolizino[8,7-b]indole-15-carboxylate (3j): Yellow solid in $58 \%$ yield. $\left(\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.30\right.$ in hexane/EtOAc 80:20 v/v); m.p.: 178$180^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; IR (KBr, $v_{\max }, \mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ): 2975, 2920, 1719, 1486, 1442, 1311, 1232, 1032, 833, 760. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $500 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta$ $8.21(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.60(\mathrm{~d}, J=2.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.52(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $7.45(\mathrm{~d}, J=2.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.29(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.17(\mathrm{t}, J=7.5$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.11(\mathrm{t}, J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.81(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.52$ (dd, $J=11.7,2.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.31(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.16(\mathrm{q}, J$ $=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.03(\mathrm{dd}, J=11.6,3.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.62(\mathrm{t}, J=8.6$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.51-3.40(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.16-3.06(2 \mathrm{H}) 3.02-2.97(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, 2.80-2.71 (m, 1H), $1.20(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (125 $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 173.0,152.4,136.3,134.4,131.6,130.8,129.1$, $126.9,122.4,119.7,118.5,114.0,112.6,111.1,111.0,68.8,61.8$, 59.4, 56.7, 48.6, 45.2, 39.7, 17.6, 14.3; ESI-MS m/z 547.0 [M
$+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$. Elemental anal. calcd. (found) $\%$ for $\mathrm{C}_{24} \mathrm{H}_{24} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3} \mathrm{Br}_{2}$ : C, 52.50 (52.54); H, 4.44 (4.48); N, 5.10 (5.16); O, 8.66 (8.70); Br, 29.10 (29.13).
(6aR,7R,7aS,13aS)-ethyl-2,4-dibromo-6,6a,7,7a,12, 13a-hexahydrochromeno[3',4':4,5]pyrrolo[2,1-a]isoindole-7-carboxylate (3k): White solid in $68 \%$ yield. $\left(\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.47\right.$ in hexane/EtOAc 80:20 v/v); m.p.: $140-142{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR ( $\mathrm{KBr}, v_{\max }$, $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ): 2982, 2947, 2871, 1720, 1474, 1459, 1449, 1378, 1289, 1182, 1164, 1134, 1017, 941, 855, 747, 683, 630, 550, 442. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 7.63-7.53(2 \mathrm{H}), 7.29-7.16(3 \mathrm{H})$, $7.13(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.01(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.64(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $13.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.42-4.28(3 \mathrm{H}), 4.23(\mathrm{dd}, J=11.5,6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$ 3.88 (dq, $J=10.6,7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.76(\mathrm{dq}, J=10.6,7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, 3.35 (dd, $J=8.7,6.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.19-3.07(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.06(\mathrm{t}, J=$ $7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{NMR}\left(75 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 171.7,150.1,140.4\right.$, 138.1, 134.3, 132.0, 128.2, 127.0, 123.4, 122.4, 113.4, 111.7, $71.3,66.1,62.9,61.0,60.8,50.3,40.2,13.9$. ESI-MS $m / z 494.1$ $[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$. Elemental anal. calcd. (found) \% for $\mathrm{C}_{21} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{NO}_{3} \mathrm{Br}_{2}$ : C, 51.10 (51.12); H, 3.90 (3.93); N, 2.80 (2.81); O, 9.72 (9.75); Br, 32.38 (32.37).
(6aR,7R,7aR,14aR)-ethyl 7a-phenyl-6a,7,7a,12,13,14a-hexahydro-6H-chromeno[3',4':4,5]pyrrolo[2,1-a]isoquino-line-7-carboxylate (31): Colourless solid in $70 \%$ yield. $\left(\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=\right.$ 0.62 in hexane/EtOAc 80:20 v/v); m.p.: 173-175 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR ( KBr , $\left.\nu_{\max }, \mathrm{cm}^{-1}\right): 2982,2967,2938,1728,1485,1455,1317,1210$, 1031, 746, 703, 573. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $500 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 7.96$ (d, $J=7.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.38(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.31(\mathrm{t}, J=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, $7.19(\mathrm{t}, J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.16-7.09(2 \mathrm{H}), 7.06(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 7.04-6.91(3 \mathrm{H}), 6.83(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.2,1.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.62(\mathrm{dd}$, $J=9.9,3.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.08(\mathrm{dd}, J=11.4,9.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.89-3.73$ $(4 \mathrm{H}), 3.46-3.32(2 \mathrm{H}), 3.31-3.21(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.07-2.98(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $2.81(\mathrm{dt}, J=15.6,2.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.03(\mathrm{t}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $125 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 173.4,154.7,150.1,138.2,135.2,128.9$,
$128.6,128.3,127.4,127.2,127.0,126.2,125.7,122.3,120.2,116.8$, 79.2, 70.1, 62.7, 61.1, 58.6, 42.6, 40.1, 30.3, 14.0. ESI-MS m/z $426.2[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$. Elemental anal. calcd. (found) $\%$ for $\mathrm{C}_{28} \mathrm{H}_{27} \mathrm{NO}_{3}$ : C, 79.02 (79.06); H, 6.46 (6.44); N, 3.32 (3.34); O, 11.30 (11.31).
( $6 \mathrm{a} R, 7 R, 7 \mathrm{a}, 14 \mathrm{aS}$ )-ethyl 2,4dibromo-9,10-dimethoxy-7a-phenyl-6a,7,7a,12,13,14a-hexahydro-6H-chromeno-[3',4':4,5]pyrrolo[2,1-a]isoquinoline-7-carboxylate (3m): White solid in 64 \% yield. $\left(\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.30\right.$ in hexane/EtOAc 80:20 v/v); m.p.: 222-224 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; IR ( $\mathrm{KBr}, v_{\max }, \mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ): 2975, 2920, 1719, 1486, 1442, 1311, 1252, 1164, 1032, 833, 760. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR (500 $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 7.88(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.53-7.50(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $7.43-7.40(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.32(\mathrm{t}, J=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.20(\mathrm{t}, J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 6.58(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.53(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.75(\mathrm{dd}, J=10.1,4.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $4.12(\mathrm{t}, J=10.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.89(\mathrm{dq}, J=11.0,7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.82-3.78$ $(5 \mathrm{H}), 3.74(\mathrm{dq}, J=11.1,7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.68(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.41-3.31$ $(\mathrm{m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.30-3.25(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.23-3.14(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.02-2.95(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, 2.75-2.68 (m, 1H), $1.02(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (125 $\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 173.1 ; 150.7,149.6,147.5,146.8,134.2,129.4$, 129.0, 128.8, 127.5, 127.2(3), 127.1(7), 125.4, 112.3, 112.2, $111.8,110.8,79.2,71.0,62.3,61.4,57.8,56.0,55.9,41.9$, 40.2, 29.7, 14.1; ESI-MS m/z $643.9[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$. Elemental anal. calcd. (found) \% for $\mathrm{C}_{30} \mathrm{H}_{29} \mathrm{NO}_{5} \mathrm{Br}_{2}$ : C, 56.00 (56.06); H, 4.56 (4.59); N, 2.12 (2.15); O, 12.30 (12.38); Br, 24.75 (24.79).
( $6 \mathrm{~b} S, 14 \mathrm{bS}, 15 R, 15 \mathrm{aR}$ )-ethyl-3,5-dibromo-14b-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,6b,8,9,14,14b,15,15a-octahydrochromeno[ $\left.3^{\prime}, 4^{\prime}: 2,3\right]$ indolizino[8,7-b]indole-15-carboxylate (3n): Colourless solid in $65 \%$ yield; ( $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{f}}=0.35$ in hexane/EtOAc 80:20 v/v); m.p.: $168-170^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. IR ( $\mathrm{KBr}, v_{\max }, \mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ): 3060,2975 , 2845, 1719, 1469, 1486, 1338, 1240, 1220, 1164, 1073, 1061, $911,862,686 .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $500 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 7.91(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.7$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.61(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.59-7.56(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.54-7.51(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $7.47(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.33(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.17(\mathrm{~d}, J=$


1
$+$


2


3

## Scheme-II

TABLE-2
SUBSTRATE SCOPE FOR [3 + 2] CYCLOADDITION REACTIONS
Entry


4


5

6

7


$1 a$




2a


2a


2a


2a




(
$8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.10(\mathrm{t}, J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.05(\mathrm{t}, J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.74$ (dd, $J=10.0,3.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.08(\mathrm{t}, J=10.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.99-3.88$ (3H), $3.59(\mathrm{~d}, J=10.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.53(\mathrm{td}, \mathrm{J}=10.8,3.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $3.50-3.44(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.04-2.82(3 \mathrm{H}), 0.95(\mathrm{t}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $125 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 172.1,150.7,146.2,136.8,134.5$, 133.6, 132.3, 129.4, 129.1, 127.9, 126.1, 124.9, 122.6, 119.8, $118.9,112.6,112.0,111.3,110.9,75.7,70.8,62.1,61.9,58.2$, 41.9, 40.4, 21.4, 14.1. ESI-MS $m / z 657.0[\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{H}]^{+}$. Elemental anal. calcd. (found) \% for $\mathrm{C}_{30} \mathrm{H}_{26} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3} \mathrm{Br}_{2}$ : C, 56.60 (56.58); H , 4.18 (4.18); N, 4.66 (4.63); O, 8.70 (8.68); Br, 25.86 (25.84).

## RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Initially, the reaction of aldehyde (crude) was carried out with tetrahydroisoquinoline (THIQ) in the absence of acetic acid and toluene as a solvent, desired product $\mathbf{3}$ was obtained in trace amount (Table-1, entry 1). Later we carried out the reaction of aldehyde (crude) with THIQ in the presence of 10 $\mathrm{mol} \%$ acetic acid product $\mathbf{3}$ was obtained in $33 \%$ yield (Table -1 , entry 2 ). Upon increasing the amount of acetic acid 20, 30, 40 and $50 \mathrm{~mol} \%$, the yield of the products 3 were increased (Table-1, entries 3 to 6). Further increase in the amount of acetic acid to 1.0 and 1.5 equiv, no significant improvement in the yield was observed (Table-1, entries 7 and 8). The effect of the temperature was also tested, when the temperature was increased

TABLE-1
OPTIMIZATION OF REACTION CONDITIONS

| No. | $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COOH}$ <br> $(\mathrm{mol} \%)$ | Solvent | Time <br> $(\mathrm{h})$ | Temp. <br> $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | Yield <br> $(\%)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | - | Toluene | 24 | Reflux | Trace |
| 2 | 10 | Toluene | 24 | RT | 33 |
| 3 | 20 | Toluene | 24 | RT | 37 |
| 4 | 30 | Toluene | 12 | RT | 56 |
| 5 | 40 | Toluene | 6 | RT | 62 |
| 6 | 50 | Toluene | 6 | RT | 82 |
| 7 | 100 | Toluene | 6 | RT | 79 |
| 8 | 150 | Toluene | 6 | RT | 78 |
| 9 | 50 | Toluene | 6 | 40 | 67 |
| 10 | 50 | Toluene | 6 | 50 | 66 |
| 11 | 50 | Toluene | 6 | 60 | 66 |
| 12 | 50 | THF | 24 | RT | 35 |
| 13 | 50 | EtOAc | 24 | RT | 25 |
| 14 | 50 | DMF | 24 | RT | 55 |
| 15 | 50 | Ethanol | 24 | RT | 10 |
| 16 | 50 | CH3CN | 24 | RT | 48 |

to 40,50 and $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, no significant improvement in the yield was observed (Table-1, entries 9, 10 and 11).

Later on, we screened a number of solvents viz., THF, EtOAc, DMF, ethanol and $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}$ found that toluene was the preferred solvent. The other molecular sieves like $4 \AA$ and $5 \AA$ were also screened but no significant difference was observed finally, it
is found that reactions with aldehyde (crude, 1.0 mmol ) and tetrahydroisoquinoline $(1.0 \mathrm{mmol})$ in the presence of acetic acid at room temperature for 6 h was ideal (Table-1, entry 6). Under the above optimized reaction conditions, the efficiency and versatility of this newly developed methodology, reactions of tetrahydroisoquinolines (THIQs) with a range of alcohol derived from differently substituted salicylalcohol were evaluated (Scheme-II and Table-2).

In all cases, products were obtained in good yields at room temperature (products 3a-3n). Importantly, other benzylic amines including 6,7-dimethoxy-THIQ, tryptoline, isoindoline, also underwent the title reaction under equally mild conditions. Interestingly, even sterically demanding 1-aryl THIQ's and a 1-aryl-tryptoline readily participated in the reaction sequence to generate polycyclic amines containing tetra substituted carbon centers.

## Conclusion

In conclusion, a novel and direct method is developed for the synthesis of hexahydrochromeno[4,3-b]pyrrolo[2,1-a]isoquinolines in good yields, starting directly from a variety of alcohols and various tetrahydroisoquinolines. The protocol involves ®T3P mediated oxidation of alcohols to aldehydes followed by $[3+2]$ cycloaddition to afford hexahydrochromeno-[4,3-b]pyrrolo[2,1-a]isoquinolines.

## ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The authors thank to Spectral Facility, IOE, University of Mysore, Mysuru, India for spectral analyses.

## CONFLICT OF INTEREST

The authors declare that there is no conflict of interests regarding the publication of this article.

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