

DESIGN OF PLANETARY GEAR TO USE IT FOR LAPPING OF WEDGE OF GATE VLAVE AND ITS BENEFITS OVER OTHER GEAR MECHANISM

GURUDUTT SAHNI¹, BALPREET SINGH²& ANKUSH KOHLI³

¹HOD & DGM, Department of Design, Drawing & Development, Leader Valves Ltd Jalandhar, C Eng (Institution of Engineers India) & QMS Lead Auditor) Punjab, India

² Lecturer Department of Mechanical Engineering at Sant Baba Bhag Singh Institute of Engineering and Technology Jalandhar, Punjab, India

³Assistant Professor, Department of Mechanical Engineering, DAVIET, Jalandhar, Punjab, India

ABSTRACT

Planetary gears (PLG's) work as the name implies: the sun wheel is in the center and driven by the motor. It confers its motion onto three rotary planetary wheels which form a stage. They are arranged on the bearing bolt of a planetary carrier. The last planetary carrier in each case is rigidly connected to the drive shaft and so provides power transmission. On the outside the planetary gear wheels also rotate in a gearbox with internal gearing, the so-called hollow wheel.

Obejctives

Gear Operating Applications Aims at Two Basic Objectives

- To increase power transmission.
- To increase efficiency of system.

KEYWORDS: Planetary Gear, Lapping

INTRODUCTION

A gear or cogwheel is a rotating machine part having cut teeth, or cogs, which mesh with another toothed part to transmit torque, in most cases with teeth on the one gear being of identical shape, and often also with that shape on the other gear. Two or more gears working in a sequence (train) are called a gear train or, in many cases, a transmission; such gear arrangements can produce a mechanical advantage through a gear ratio and thus may be considered a simple machine. Geared devices can change the speed, torque, and direction of a power source. The most common situation is for a gear to mesh with another gear; however, a gear can also mesh with a non-rotating toothed part, called a rack, thereby producing translation instead of rotation.

DESIGNING A PLANETARY GEAR



Figure 1: Showing Positions of Different Gear as Required

There are many other ways to use gears. One specialized gear train is called a planetary gear train.

CALCULATIONS REQUIRED FOR DESIGN



Figure 2: Showing Different Gear Movements

Let

Nc = +20

Nb = - 100

Na = - 20

Where Na, Nb, Nc are rpm for gear a, b and c respectively

Then using following relation we get

2

Nc – Na – Tb
Nb – Na Tc
20 +20 -Tb -100+20 72
Tb = 36
Tc=72
$\frac{1}{2} \qquad \frac{\text{Tb}}{72}$
Tb = 36
Ta=Tb + Tc
So Ta=144mm
Where Ta, Tb and Tc are no of turns of gear a, b and c respectively
Let m=4 and pressure angle = $20 \text{ degThenTa}=144$, Tb = 36 ,Tc= 72
Da=m Ta =576mm and Db = m Tb =144mm also $Dc = m Tc =288$
Checking
Da=Dc+2Db So576=288 + 2(144) =288 + 288 and Da= 576

Where Da, Db and Dc are the diameters of gear a, b and c respectively

So the sun gear or Centre gear is given power with the help of motor ultimately it led to transmission of power to planet gears and led to their movement also.

=288mm

Drawing Dimensions in Detail







Figure 4: Showing Actual Drawing with Dimensions



Figure 5: Actual Drawing Being Made in 3d Model



Figure 6: Actual Drawing Isometric View after Assembly (Mechanism for Lapping)



Figure 7: Actual Drawing view 2 after assembly in drawing format (mechanism for lapping)

USE OF DESIGN IN INDUSTRY



Figure 8: Actual View1 of Machine Where Planetary Gear Assembly is to be Used



Figure 9: Actual View2 of Machine Where Planetary Gear Assembly is to be Used

CONCLUSIONS

- Centre gear sun rotating at rpm of 20 led to other gears rpm up to 100.
- Design is suitable to be used for power transmission with greater efficiency
- Mechanism for lapping of wedge of wedge type gate valve with highly efficient performance.

5

REFERENCES

- 1. "Mission and History, American Gear Manufacturers Association".
- 2. "Gear Quality: What it's all about". Machine Design. 1 May 2002.
- 3. Siegel, Daniel M. (1991). Innovation in Maxwell's Electromagnetic Theory: Molecular Vortices, Displacement Current, and Light. University of Chicago Press. ISBN 0521353653.
- MacKinnon, Angus (2002). "Quantum Gears: A Simple Mechanical System in the Quantum Regime". Nanotechnology 13 (5): 678. arXiv: cond-mat/0205647.Bibcode:2002Nanot..13..678M.doi:10.1088/0957-4484/13/5/328.
- 5. Sanduk, M. I. (2007). [http://redshift.vi f.com/JournalFiles/V14NO2PDF/V14N2SAN.pdf "Does the Three Wave Hypothesis Imply Hidden Structure?"] (PDF). *Apeiron* **14** (2): 113–125. <u>Bibcode:2007Apei...14..113S</u>.

AUTHOR DETAILS



DR GURUDUTT SAHNI (MECHANICAL ENGG) HOD & GENERAL MANAGER OF DEPTT OF DESIGN, DRAWING & DEVELOPMENT LEADER VALVES LTD JAL (PB),CHARTERED ENGG (IEI) INDIA,CORPORATE MEMBER IEI INDIA,EDITORIAL BOARD COMMITTEE MEMBER WORLD ACADEMY OF SCIENCE ENGG & TECH(WASET) & QMS LEAD AUDITOR



BALPREETSINGH(LECTURER DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING AT SANT BABA BHAG SINGH INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY VILLAGE KHIALA P.O. PADHIANA, DISTT. JALANDHAR, PUNJAB, INDIA)



ANKUSH KOHLI (ASSISTANT PROFESSOR, DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING, DAVIET, JALANDHAR, PUNJAB, INDIA)