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Analytical Study of *Triphala Churna*: An Ayurvedic Formulation

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ABSTRACT

Ayurvedic preventive and therapeutic concepts depend on keeping *Agni* strong and preservation of harmony between Jatharagni (Internal digestive fire) and Kostha (excretory system). Triphala which comprises three fruits powder in equal amounts, is the most well known Ayurvedic formulation. Haritaki (Terminalia chebula), Vibhitaki (Terminalia bellirica) and Amalaki (Emblica officinalis) a very powerful Chakshushya Rasayana (visual function rejuvenator). Triphala Churna act across all three Doshas(body humours) i.e. effect of Haritaki- on Vata Dosha, Amalaki-takes control of Pitta Dosha and Vibhitaki- acts on Kapha Dosha. The role of Triphala Churna in treating ocular disorders given by Acharya Sushruta in Sutra Sthana. The anti-oxidative and anti-inflammatory effect of *Triphala Churna* exhibit diverse beneficial properties in ocular disorders. Shushkakshipaka (Dry eye syndrome), is Vatapitta dominant ocular disorder in which the Ashru (Tears) has been depleted resulting in Paka (Inflammation) of eye. Present study has been undertaken with the aim to develop the physiochemical profile of *Triphala Churna*. Pharmaceutical analysis of *Triphala* Churna preparation was done according to API & protocol of drug testing of PLIM Material and Method: Triphala Churna was assessed for Physical characterization, physicochemical study, Microbiological Analysis and heavy metals analysis. **Result and Discussion:** *Triphala Churna* is safe for use as heavy metals were below the acceptable limit and free from any pathogenic microbes. Conclusion: The Sushruta Samhita method was used to prepare *Triphala Churna*. This paper presents the analytical study of *Triphala Churna*.

Key Words Triphala Churna, Shushkakshipaka, Analytical study

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INTRODUCTION

As per ayurvedic principles balance between *Tridoshas* (i.e. *Vata*, *Pitta* and *Kapha*), *Dhatus* (*Rasa*, *Rakta* etc.) *Mala* (*Mutra*, *Purisha*, *Sweda*), *Agni* (*Jatharagni* and *Dhatwagni*) along with the pleasant state of *Aatma/Indriye/Mana* is homeostasis¹. The eye is regarded as the most crucial organ² which gets easily affected by the

imbalance between three *Doshas* and results in its decreased/disturbed function ie; *Drishtikriya* (vision). The eyes and visual system are the target of *Chakshushya* class of medication. One such combination is *Triphala*³ which bring *Doshas* to normal state as well as having vision promoting effect along with anti-inflammatory effect. *Haritaki*, *Vibhitaki* and *Amalaki* are very





Haridwar

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taken

Dravyaguna

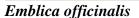
powerful on their own, when properly combined⁴, synergy improves the effectiveness and healing property specially in ocular disorder⁵. *Triphala* also take over the properties as *Deepana*⁶, *Pachana* and *Anulomaka Aushad* in Ayurveda which stimulates the *Pachaka Agni* thereby nourishes all *Doshas*.

AIM AND OBJECTIVES

To analyse the physical, organoleptic character, heavy metal content and the microbiological study of the *Triphala Churna* prepared by the classical method.

Table 1 Ingredients and Composition of *Triphala Churna*

S.NO	NAME	LATIN NAME	FAMILY	VIRYA VIPAKA	PART USED	RATIO
1	Amalaki	Emblica officinalis	Euphorbiaceae	Sheeta Madhura	Fruit	1
2	Haritaki	Terminalia chebula	Combretaceae	Ushana Madhura	Fruit	1
3	Vibhitaki	Terminalia bellirica	Combretaceae	Ushana Madhura	Fruit	1





Terminalia chebula



MATERIALS AND METHODS

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shown below in table 1 and figure 1.

The raw drugs for the Triphala Churna were

Ashram, Haridwar . The P.G. Department of

identified the ingredients. Triphala Churna was

prepared in the Hans Pharmacy Premnagar Ashram, Haridwar Uttarakhand, The contents of

Triphala Churna and details of ingredients

the Hans Pharmacy Premnagar

Campus

Collection of raw materials

from

Terminalia bellirica

Figure 1 Raw drug for Triphala Churna

Method of preparation of Triphala Churna

The *Triphala Churna* was prepared as per standard operative procedures of the Ayurvedic Pharmacopeia of India for the *Churna* preparation in GMP-approved Hans Pharmacy, Sidcul, Haridwar, Uttarakhand. For the preparation of *Triphala Churna*, all the raw herbal drugs i.e *Amalaki*, *Haritaki*, *Vibhitaki* were

taken in equal amount and all the drugs were converted into fine powder separately and passed through sieve number 80, weight individually in the required quantities. Fine powder of all the drugs was mixed together uniformly. Store and pack the *Triphala Churna* in an air-tight packets to protect them from





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moisture and light. The prepared *Triphala Churna* shown below in figure 2.



Figure 2 Triphala Churna

Method of evaluation of Triphala Churna:

The *Triphala Churna* was evaluated by employing parameters mentioned in Ayurvedic Pharmacopeia of India & protocol of Ayurvedic drug testing of PLIM, Ghaziabad, UP, India⁷.

Physiochemical analysis :Sample was subjected for physicochemical analysis such as Loss on drying at 105°C. Loss on drying was calculated after placing the 10g of sample in the tared evaporating dish, drying at 105°C for 5 hours.

Heavy Metal Test: Spectrometry of the sample was done for the presence of heavy metals such as cadmium (Cd), lead (Pb), mercury (Hg), arsenic (As). All the metals were present in the *Churna* in safe range.

Microbial Analysis: *Triphala Churna* was evaluated for total bacterial count and total fungal count. Total bacterial count was carried

out by plate count method, which is mentioned in A.P.I, Part II, Vol-I, Appendices 2.4.

 Table 2 Physical characterization Description

Appearance	Yellowish brown powder	
Colour	Yellowish brown	
Odour	Characteristic	
Taste	Astringent	

Table 3 Physicochemical properties

Parameters	Triphala Churna
Loss on Drying (% w/w)	6.37
Total Ash(% w/w)	4.34
Acid insoluble(% w/w)	0.78
Alcohol soluble extraction(% w/w)	49.22
Water soluble extraction(% w/w)	56.04

Table 4 Heavy Metals

Tuble 4 fleavy Metals		
Lead (Pb) ppm	2.58	
Arsenic (As) ppm	< 0.50	
Cadmium (Cd) ppm	0.12	
Mercury (Hg) ppm	< 0.13	

Table 5 Microbiological Analysis

Total Bacterial Count	65000 cfu/g
Yeast and Mould Count	400 cfu/g
E.coli	Absent
S. aureus	Absent
Salmonella sp.	Absent
P.aeruginosa	Absent

CONCLUSION

Physicochemical evaluation of *Triphala Churna* illustrated the specific characters of this preparation. The microscopic features, physio-chemical parameters, sterility, heavy metal testing and microbiological analysis are essential parameters for ensuring safety and quality of the drug. All the readings of the product came out to be within normal range, as shown above in table 2,3,4,5 and figure 3.



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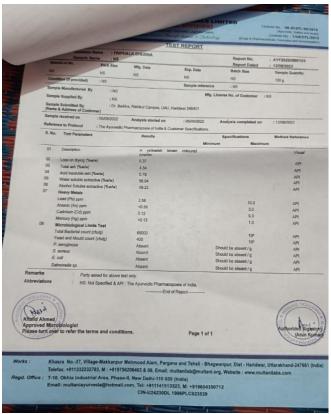


Figure 3 Analytical Report



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