



REVIEW ARTICLE

Role of *Panchkarma* in *Agadtantra* w.s.r. to *Brihattrayi* and *Lagutrayi* - A Review Article

Author: Anita¹

Co Authors: Gourishankar Rajpurohit²

¹P.G. Dept. of Agad Tantra Evam Vyavhar Ayurveda, Dsrrau, Jodhpur, Rajasthan, India ²Dept. of Panchkarma, Shri Ganganagar College of Ayurvedic Science & Hospital, Tantia University, Shri Ganganagar, Rajasthan, India

ABSTRACT

Poisoning-related illness and fatalities are a global concern. The term "poisoning" can refer to *Dooshivisha*, *Garavisha*, and other radiations in addition to animal and vegetable poisons. Ayurveda has outlined various poisoning treatment options. *Panchkarma* therapy has great importance because it can remove toxins from deeper tissue level. The use of *Panchkarma* procedures depends on the poison's absorption and entry points. This article's conclusion describes how *Visha Chikitsa*, a detoxification therapy, can benefit from *Panchkarma* practices.

Key Words *Panchkarma* in *Agadtantra* w.s.r. to *Brihattrayi* and *Lagutrayi*

Received 16th March 23 Accepted 31st May 23 Published 10th July 2023

INTRODUCTION

Ayurvedic medicine, which has eight clinical branches, is the oldest type of medicine. eight Agadtantra, one of these disciplines, discusses the Ayurvedic aspects of toxicity¹. Samhita, which emerged in the stream of development following Veda, provided an indepth, systematic description of the various branches of Ayurveda. Brihatrayi and Lagutrayi were the two divisions of the Samhita. While Madhav Nidana, Sharangdhar Samhita, and Bhavprakash are regarded as Laghutrayi, Charak Samhita, Sushrut Samhita, and Ashtang Hridaya are classified as *Brihatrayi*². While *Panchkarma* aims to totally eradicate the vikrut doshas from Without Panchkarma visha chikitsa impractical due to prabhav of visha. The definition of visha therefore states that it is a substance that destroys life and has qualities such as ushna, tikshna, ruksha, sukshma, vyavayi, vikasi, ashukar, anirdeshya rasa and apaki³. developed Ayurveda has bio-purification techniques such as *Panchkarma* detox the human body and can also neutralize toxins produced in our bodies as a result of the extreme stress of modern society. Panchkarma remedy is a preventive health care procedure which will state benefit any adult without reference to his present condition. health Ayurveda however

the body, this encourages the dosha's equilibrium.





REVIEW ARTICLE

preventive medical science with a goal to maintain the human body in a state of perfect health. Today, it is possible to utilize common diagnostic tests to keep track of the body's detoxification process. Panchkarma should be done periodically, preferably every year to maintain the body in a state of perfect health. For those with healthy eating habits and lifestyles, these should continue to get better with each detoxification cycle. Traditional descriptions of the purifying therapy use Panchkarma Sanshodhana methods. The five Panchkarma techniques have been used to treat practically all illnesses.

Toxins are eliminated using *Panchkarma* therapy in order to regulate physiological processes; for this reason, *Panchkarma* therapy is often referred to as detoxification therapy. Therefore, *Panchkarma* serves a full therapeutic role as a procedure for promotion, prevention, cure and rehabilitation.

AIMS AND OBJECTIVES

To describe how *Panchkarma* functions in several forms of *vish chikitsha* in the *Brihatrayi* and *lagutrayi Samhita*.

Methodology - Several *Ayurvedic samhitas* explain *shodhana* and *samana* chikitsa in *visha chikitsa*.

The three major goals of *Panchkarma* in *Visha Chikitsa* are:

- (1) Preventive *Panchkarma* for promoting the health of healthy individuals.
- (2) Curative *Panchkarma* with the purpose of curing a sick person's condition.
- (3) Conventional *Panchkarma* illness remission and treatment.

Panchkarma have mainly five procedures in therapy that are Vaman, Virechana, Basti, Nasya and Raktmokshana. We described these procedures in visha chikitsa in all Brihatrayi and Lagutrayi Samhitas.

Table 1 Vaman in various poisoning

Sr.N	Type of Poisoning	Sushruta	Charak	Vagbhata
0.				
1.	Sarpdansh chikitsa (Snake bite)	In the 4th, 5th and 6 th stages of bite of <i>Darvikara</i> ³ . • In the 2nd to 5 th stages of bite of <i>Mandali</i> ³ . In the 2nd, 4th and 5 th stages of bite of <i>Rajimana</i> ³ .	In the 1 st vega of snake poisons ⁴ .	In the 2 nd stage of Darvikara ⁵ . In the 3re stage of Mandali ⁶ .
2.	Akhu Damsa (Rat poisoning)	Emesis should be mentioned ⁷ .	-	Vomiting should be induced ⁸ .
3.	Sthavara Visha Chikitsa	-	In the 1 st <i>vega</i> of <i>sthavar visha</i> Vomiting should be mentioned ⁹ .	In the1 st , 2nd and 3 rd stage of poisoning ¹⁰⁻¹¹ .
4.	Gara Visha Chikitsa	-	Emesis should be Administered ¹² .	The patient of <i>Gara</i> visha should be made to vomit ¹³ .
5	Haritala Visha	-	-	Emesis is mentioned ¹⁴ .





REVIEW ARTICLE

6	Dhatura Visha	-	-	Emesis should be mentioned ¹⁵ .
7	Dushivisha Chikitsa	-	-	Emesis and purgation ¹⁶⁻¹⁷ .
8	Sankramana Karma (Transferring poison)	-	-	Emesis should be mentioned ¹⁸ .
9	Vrischika Damsa Chikitsa (Scorpion bite)	-	-	In all cases of scorpion poisoning 19-
10	Luta Damsha	-	-	poison should be removed by emesis ²¹⁻ ²² .
11	Musika Visha Chikitsa	-	-	Emesis should be administered ²³ .
12	Aamashayagat vish Chikitsha	-	Emesis should be Administered ²⁴ .	-
13	Kitavish chikitsha	-	Emesis should be Administered ²⁵ .	-

Sr. No.	Type of Poisoning	Sushruta	Charak	Vaghbhata
1.	Sarpdansh Chikitsa (Snake bite)	Bite by a <i>Darvikara</i> , in the5th and the 6th stages ²⁶ in the 3rd, 4 th and the 5th stages of <i>mandali sarpadansh</i> ²⁷ . <i>Rajimana</i> bite, in the 3rd,4 th and5th stages ²⁸ .	-	Not mentioned
2.	Aakhu Dansha (Rat poisoning)	For purgative therapy is mentioned ²⁹ .	-	For purgation therapy is Desirable ²¹ .
3.	Sthavara Visha Chikitsa	Not mentioned	For purgation therapy is mentioned in Pakwashayagat visha ³³ .	In the 2 nd and 3rd stage, patient should be purged ⁹ .
4.	Haritala Visha	Not mentioned	-	Purgation ¹² .
5	Dushivisha Chikitsa	Not mentioned	The patient of <i>Dushivisha</i> should be administered purgation ³⁴ .	The patient of $Dushivisha$ should be administered purgation 14,22 .
6	Sankramana Karma (Transferring poison)	Not mentioned		Purgation should be mentioned ²⁹ .
7	Luta Damsha Chikitsa (Spider bite)	Not mentioned		Purgation should be done ³⁰ .
8	Alarka Visha Chikitsa (Rabid bite)	Purgation should be mentioned ³² .		The person should be administered a purgative drug ³¹ .

Basti in various poisoning-

Vaghbhata prescribed Basti Chikitsa in Luta

Acharya Charaka and Sushruta lacked a description poisoning. about in case of

Damsha Chikitsa.





REVIEW ARTICLE

Luta Damsha Chikitsa: (Treatment of Spider bite)³⁵ When a person is suffering from flatulence, hiccups, dyspnea, stiffness and body tremors, headache discomfort, pain in the joints, facial paralysis and such additional disorders of origin. Use an enema to deliver the medicated ghee made in the manner described below. Eranda, Bilva, Sarala, Chirabilva, Arka, Patola, Sigru, Patha, Kusha, Vrusha, Vidula and drug of

kaniya, panchamula are made into a decoction, added with scum of ghee (one part) and cow milk (two parts). Yasthi, Nisa, Nata, Surahva, Vellasarala, Satahva, Lodhra, Gairika, Payasya, Kustha, Gangeyi, Krushna, Madana and Saindhava were cooked together in a paste. Following the removal of the enema substance, should take his food together with meat soup processed with drugs of panchamula.

Table 3 Nasya in various poisoning -

Sr.N	Type of Poisoning	Sushruta	Charak	Vaghbhata
1.	Sarpadansh Chikitsa	Bite by a <i>Darvikara</i> , in the 3 rd and 7 th stage ³ . bite by <i>Mandali</i> , in the 7th stage ³ . <i>Rajimana</i> bite, in the 4 th and 5 th stages ³ .	Bite by a <i>Darvikara</i> sinduvariyadi yoga ³⁷ .	DarvikaraVisha Chikitsa ³⁶ . Vyantara Visha Chikitsa ³⁹ . DarvikaraVisha Vega Chikitsa, in the 3 rd and 7 th stage ⁵ . Rajimanta Visha Vega Chikitsa- 6th stage ⁴⁰ . Maha Agada ⁴¹ .
2.	Aakhu Dansha	<i>Shiro-virechana</i> should be mentioned ⁷ .	In case of Rat Poisoning ⁴⁷ .	-
3.	Alarka Visha	In case of rabid animal ²⁸ .	-	-
4.	Luta Damsha (Spider bite)	Nasya should be employed ⁴² .	In case of <i>luta</i> Poisoning ⁴⁸ .	Not mentioned
5	Haritala poisoing	-		Nasya should be employed ¹² .
6	Vrischika Damsa Chikitsa (Scorpion bite)	-	In all cases of scorpion Poisoning ⁴⁹ .	scorpion poisoning of severe degree ¹⁷ .
8	Alarka Visha	-		In case of heaviness of head, swelling, lock jaw,salivation etc ⁴³ . Nasya in all types of <i>Jalatrasa</i> ⁴⁴ .
9.	Musika Visha	-		In all case of musika dansha <i>Shirovirechana</i> . [21]
10.	Sthavar Visha	-	In the 5 th Vish Vega ⁵⁰ .	In the 3 rd visha vega ⁴⁵ .
11.	When poison is present in the head, nose, neck and ear.		Shirogata visha (Poison situated in head) Bandhujivadi mula yoga ⁵¹ .	When poison is present in the head, nasal medication should be done ⁴⁶ .
12.	Udbandhan (hanging), Visha (poisoning), Jalamruta (drowning).		Kakandadi yoga is used in this poisoning cases ⁵² .	
	Table 4 Raktmokshana in variou	<u> </u>		
	Sr.No. Type of poisoning	Sushruta	Charak	Vaghbhata





REVIEW ARTICLE

1.	Sarpadansha	·Puncture veins around the		. When the poison has
		site of bite ⁴² .		spread to distant areas,
		·Tourniquet should be		venesection should be
		applied four fingers above		Done ⁴⁶ .
		the site of the bite.		· In cases of
		. In the case of poisoning ³ .		Darvikara ⁵ .
2.	Poisoned wound/	Snake-bite or of a bite by a	In this	-
	poison in blood	spider (Luta) or in a case of	condition	
		being pierced with a venom	Raktmokshana	
		arrow, or in a case of	chikitsha is best	
		poisoning of any kind ⁴² .	treatment ⁵³ .	
3.	Alarka Visha	In case of rabid animal ³² .		-
4.	Vrischika dansha	-		In all cases of scorpion poisoning 17-18.
5	Luta Dansha	-		In all case of luta dansha ³⁰ .
6	Akhu Dansa	-		Raktmokshana should be mentioned ³¹ .
7	Mushika	-		In all case of rat
	(Rat poisoing)			$posing^{21}$.
8	Kaphaaashayagata		Raktmokshana	
	visha		should be	
			$mentioned^{54}$.	
9.	Dushivisha		Siravedhana is	
			$mentioned^{54}$.	

Table 5 Panchkarma in various poisoning with references in Lagutrayi-

Sr.No.	Samhita	Vaman	Virechana	Nasya	Basti	Raktamoksha na
1.	Sharngdhar Samhita	Vaman chikitcha in poisons cases ⁵⁵⁻	Virechana is mentioned in garavisha (Artificial poisoning) ⁵⁶ .	Nasya is mentioned in garavisha (Artificial poisoning) ⁵⁷ .		Raktamoksham a is mentioned in treatment of rakta vitiated with visha ⁵⁸ .
2.	Bhavprakash Samhita	Vaman chikitsha in sthavar visha, poisons cases and dushivisha chikitcha ⁵⁹ .	Virechana is mentioned in dushivisha chikitcha ⁵⁹ .	Nasya is mentioned in scorpion bite and all poisoning cases ⁵⁹ .	Basti is mentioned in all poisoning cases with Abhyadi yoga ⁵⁹ .	

DISCUSSION

Although many poisoning instances involve the use of *Panchkarma* techniques. *Visha Vega* is used to describe *Sthavar Visha* and *Jangam Visha*. These poisonings are of the severe variety. In *Visha's Vega*, various *Panchkarma* practices are described. *Garavisha* and *Dushivisha* are both forms of persistent poisoning. Such types of toxins can be removed from deep cellular stores through *Panchkarma*. In *charak chikitcha sthan*

Acharya Charak outlined Chaturvimshati

Vishopakramas as a general course of treatment for poisoning. Basti is not mentioned in Chaturvimshati Upakramas. The primary goal of poisoning therapy is to get these poisons or toxins out of the body as quickly as possible because once they enter the body through the blood, they disturb the balance of the Dosha, Dhatu, and Mala. Which leads to a variety of illnesses and even death. In light of these therapy





REVIEW ARTICLE

principles, it is crucial to get rid of any poison that wasn't absorbed.

CONCLUSION

It is important to use Ayurvedic medicines as antitoxins more frequently in practice in order to reduce the overall mortality and morbidity rate associated with poisoning. Panchakarma treatment can be very effective in both acute and chronic diseases of all types of poisoning.





REVIEW ARTICLE

REFERENCES

- 1. Dr. Ambikadatta Shshtri; Sushrut Samhita;7th edition; Varanasi; Choukhamba Sanskrit sansthan; Sutrasthan; chapter, 1989; 1(7): 3.
- 2. Dr. Ambikadatta Shshtri; Sushrut Samhita;7th edition; Varanasi; Choukhamba sanskrit sansthan; Sutrasthan; chapter, 1989; 1(14): 4.
- 3. Shastri Ambikadatta, Sushruta samhita, kalpa sthan, 1 /85, Chaukhamba Sanskrit Sansthan, Varanasi, reprint, 2008, 18
- 4. jaikrishnadas Ayurveda series, Charak sammhita, Chikitsasthana, 23/122, chaukhambha Orientalia, Varanasi, 2008; 2318: 26-133
- 5. Tripathi Dr. Brahmanand, Astanga Hridaya, Uttartantra, 37/75, Chaukhamba Sanskrit Pratishthan, Varanasi, reprint. 2011, 1174.
- 6. Tripathi Dr. Brahmanand, Astanga Hridaya, Uttartantra, 37/75, Chaukhamba Sanskrit Pratishthan, Varanasi, reprint. 2011, 1174.
- 7. Shastri Ambikadatta, Sushruta samhita, kalpa sthan, 2 /40-41, Chaukhamba Sanskrit Sansthan, Varanasi, reprint, 2008, 35
- 8. Murthi Shrikantha K. R., Ashtangasamgraha, Vol.3, Uttarsthana, Chapter 46/ Verse 22-24, Reprint-2009, ChaukhambaOrientaliaVaranasi, Pg: 434.
- 9. Jaikrishna Ayurveda Series, Charak SamhitaVol.4, Chikitshasthana, chapter 23, Varanasi; Chaukhamba orentalia; 2008. Pg: 2171 10. Murthi Shrikantha K. R., Ashtangasamgraha, Vol.3, Uttarsthana, Chapter 40, Verse 51-52, Reprint-2009, ChaukhambaOrientaliaVaranasi, Pg: 358-359.

- 11. Murthi Shrikantha K. R., Ashtanga Hridayam, Vol.3, Uttarsthana, Chapter 35, Verse 17-18, Reprint-2006, Chaukhamba KrishnadasAcademyVaranasi, Pg. 331.
- 12. Jaikrishna Ayurveda Series, Charak SamhitaVol.4, Chikitshasthana, chapter 23, Varanasi; Chaukhamba orentalia; 2008. Pg: 2199
 13. Murthi Shrikantha K. R., Ashtanga
- Hridayam, Vol.3, Uttarsthana, Chapter 35,Verse 55,Reprint-2006,
- ChaukhambaKrishnadasAcademyVaranasi, Pg: 337.
- 14. Murthi Shrikantha K. R., Ashtangasamgraha, Vol.3, Uttarsthana, Chapter 40, Verse 141-143, Reprint-2009, Chaukhamba Orientalia Varanasi, Pg. 369.
- 15. Murthi Shrikantha K. R., Ashtangasamgraha, Vol.3, Uttarsthana, Chapter 40, Verse 144, Reprint-2009, ChaukhambaOrientaliaVaranasi, Pg: 369.
- 16. Murthi Shrikantha K. R., Ashtangasamgraha, Vol.3, Uttarsthana, Chapter 40, Verse 147, Reprint- 2009, ChaukhambaOrientaliaVaranasi, Pg: 370.
- 17. Murthi Shrikantha K. R., Ashtanga Hridayam, Vol.3, Uttarsthana, Chapter 35,Verse 38, Reprint-2006, Chaukhamba KrishnadasAcademyVaranasi, Pg: 334.
- 18. Murthi Shrikantha K. R., Ashtangasamgraha, Vol.3, Uttarsthana, Chapter 42, Verse 59-62, Reprint- 2009, ChaukhambaOrientaliaVaranasi, Pg: 397-398.
- 19. Murthi Shrikantha K. R., Ashtangasamgraha,
 Vol.3, Uttarsthana, Chapter 43, Verse 84,
 July 10th 2023 Volume 19, Issue 1 Page 77





REVIEW ARTICLE

- Reprint-2009, Chaukhamba OrientaliaVaranasi, Pg: 414.
- 20. Murthi Shrikantha K. R., Ashtanga Hridayam, Vol.3, Uttarsthana, Chapter 37, Verse 39, Reprint- 2006, Chaukhamba Krishnadas Academy Varanasi, Pg. 365.
- 21. Murthi Shrikantha K. R., Ashtangasamgraha, Vol.3, Uttarsthana, Chapter 44, Verse 51-52, Reprint- 2009, Chaukhamba OrientaliaVaranasi, Pg: 420-421.
- 22. Murthi Shrikantha K. R., Ashtanga Hridayam, Vol.3, Uttarsthana, Chapter 37, Verse 75-76, Reprint-2006, Chaukhamba Krishnadas Academy Varanasi, Pg. 371-372.
- 23. Murthi Shrikantha K. R., Ashtanga Hridayam, Vol.3, Uttarsthana, Chapter 38, Verse 21-24, Reprint- 2006, Chaukhamba Krishnadas Academy Varanasi, Pg: 377
- 24. Jaikrishna Ayurveda Series, Charak SamhitaVol.4, Chikitshasthana, chapter 23/122, Varanasi; Chaukhamba orentalia; 2008. Pg: 2171 25. Ayurveda Jaikrishna Series. Charak SamhitaVol.4, Chikitshasthana, chapter 23/171, Varanasi; Chaukhamba orentalia; 2008. Pg: 2183 26-28. Murthi Shrikantha K. R., Illustrated Sushruta Samhita, Vol.2, Kalpasthana, Mushika Kalpam-7, Verse 37, Reprint-2014, Chaukhamba Orientalia Varanasi, Pg: 473.
- 29. Murthi Shrikantha K. R., Ashtangasamgraha, Vol.3, Uttarsthana, Chapter 42, Verse 63-66, Reprint-2009, Chaukhamba Orientalia Varanasi, Pg: 398.
- 30. Murthi Shrikantha K. R., Ashtangasamgraha, Vol.3, Uttarsthana, Chapter 44, Verse 53-54,

- Reprint-2009, Chaukhamba Orientalia Varanasi, Pg: 421.
- 31. Murthi Shrikantha K. R., Ashtangasamgraha, Vol.3, Uttarsthana, Chapter 45, Verse 67, Reprint-2009, Chaukhamba Orientalia Varanasi, Pg: 439.
- 32. Murthi Shrikantha K. R., Illustrated Sushruta Samhita, Vol.2, Kalpasthana, Mushika Kalpam-7, Verse 51-52, Reprint-2014, Chaukhamba Orientalia Varanasi, Pg: 475.
- Jaikrishna Ayurveda Series, Charak SamhitaVol.4, Chikitshasthana, chapter 23. Varanasi; Chaukhamba orentalia; 2008. Pg: 2186 34 Jaikrishna Avurveda Series. Charak Chikitshasthana, SamhitaVol.4. chapter 23. Varanasi; Chaukhamba orentalia; 2008. Pg: 2156 35. Murthi Shrikantha K. R., Ashtangasamgraha, Vol.3, Uttarsthana, Chapter 44, Verse 57-61, Reprint-2009, Chaukhamba Orientalia Varanasi, Pg: 421
- 36. Jaikrishna Ayurveda Series, Charak SamhitaVol.4, chikitdshasthana, chapter 23, Varanasi; Chaukhamba orentalia; 2008. Pg: 2188 37. Murthi Shrikantha K. R., Illustrated Sushruta Samhita, Vol.2, Kalpasthana, Mushika Kalpam-5, Verse 42-43, Reprint-2014, Chaukhamba Orientalia Varanasi, Pg: 456.
- 38. Murthi Shrikantha K. R., Ashtangasamgraha, Vol.3, Uttarsthana, Chapter 42, Verse 26-30, Reprint-2009, Chaukhamba Orientalia Varanasi, Pg: 393.
- 39. Murthi Shrikantha K. R., Ashtangasamgraha, Vol.3, Uttarsthana, Chapter 42, Verse 40,





REVIEW ARTICLE

- Reprint-2009, Chaukhamba Orientalia Varanasi, Pg: 395.
- 40. Murthi Shrikantha K. R., Ashtangasamgraha, Vol.3, Uttarsthana, Chapter 42, Verse 75-76, Reprint-2009, Chaukhamba Orientalia Varanasi, Pg: 399.
- 41. Murthi Shrikantha K. R., Ashtangasamgraha, Vol.3, Uttarsthana, Chapter 42, Verse 82-89, Reprint-2009, Chaukhamba Orientalia Varanasi, Pg: 401.
- 42. Murthi Shrikantha K. R., Illustrated Sushruta Samhita, Vol.2, Kalpasthana, Mushika Kalpam-8, Verse 102, Reprint-2014, Chaukhamba Orientalia Varanasi, Pg: 494.
- 43. Murthi Shrikantha K. R., Ashtangasamgraha, Vol.3, Uttarsthana, Chapter 42, Verse 46-47, Reprint-2009, Chaukhamba Orientalia Varanasi, Pg: 396.
- 44. Murthi Shrikantha K. R., Ashtangasamgraha, Vol.3, Uttarsthana, Chapter 42, Verse 46-47, Reprint-2009, Chaukhamba Orientalia Varanasi, Pg: 396.
- 45.Murthi Shrikantha K. R., Ashtangasamgraha, Vol.3, Uttarsthana, Chapter 42, Verse 46-47, Reprint-2009, Chaukhamba Orientalia Varanasi, Pg: 396.
- 46. Murthi Shrikantha K. R., Ashtangasamgraha, Vol.3, Uttarsthana, Chapter 42, Verse 46-47, Reprint-2009, Chaukhamba Orientalia Varanasi, Pg: 396.
- 47. Jaikrishna Ayurveda Series, Charak SamhitaVol.4, Chikitshasthana, chapter 23, Varanasi; Chaukhamba orentalia; 2008. Pg: 2191

- 48. Jaikrishna Ayurveda Series, Charak SamhitaVol.4, Chikitshasthana, chapter 23, Varanasi; Chaukhamba orentalia; 2008. Pg: 2190 49. Jaikrishna Ayurveda Series, Charak SamhitaVol.4. Chikitshasthana, chapter 23. Varanasi; Chaukhamba orentalia; 2008. Pg: 2191 50. Jaikrishna Ayurveda Series. Charak SamhitaVol.4, Chikitshasthana, chapter Varanasi; Chaukhamba orentalia; 2008. Pg: 2152 51. Jaikrishna Ayurveda Series, Charak SamhitaVol.4, Chikitshasthana, chapter 23, Varanasi; Chaukhamba orentalia; 2008. Pg: 2185 52. Jaikrishna Ayurveda Series, Charak SamhitaVol.4, Chikitshasthana, chapter 23, Varanasi; Chaukhamba orentalia; 2008. Pg: 2153 53. Jaikrishna Ayurveda Series. Charak SamhitaVol.4. Chikitshasthana, chapter 23. Varanasi; Chaukhamba orentalia; 2008. Pg: 2191 54. Jaikrishna Ayurveda Series, Charak Chikitshasthana, SamhitaVol.4, chapter Varanasi; Chaukhamba orentalia; 2008. Pg: 2156 55. K. R. Srikanta Murthy; Sarangdhar Samhita; 2nd edition; Varanasi; Chaukhamba Orientalia; Uttarkhanda; chapter, 1995; 3(3): 198.
- 56. K. R. Srikanta Murthy; *Sarangdhar Samhita*; 2nd edition; *Varanasi; Chaukhamba* Orientalia; *Uttarkhanda*; chapter, 1995; 4(7-8): 203
- 57. K. R. Srikanta Murthy; *Sarangdhar Samhita*; 2nd edition; *Varanasi; Chaukhamba* Orientalia; *Uttarkhanda*; chapter, 1995; 8(4): 223.
- 58. K. R. Srikanta Murthy; *Sarangdhar Samhita*; 2nd edition; *Varanasi; Chaukhamba* Orientalia; *Uttarkhanda*; chapter, 1995; 12(14): 254.





REVIEW ARTICLE

59.Dr. Bulusu Sitaram; Bhavprakasa of bhavamisra; vol.2, madhyamkhanda, chapter 67, 2017; pg: 684.