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Importance and Utilities of Lok Purush Samya Siddhant

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ABSTRACT

Lok Purush Samya Siddhant is an important concept of Ayurveda which reveals similarities between the Universe and the Human being, not only in spiritual and constitutional aspects rather it also reflects many more microscopic conclusions which helps in understanding the etiopathology and managements of several diseases as well as maintainance of health. The Lok Purush Samya Siddhant is originally enunciated by Vedanta Darshana. In Yajurveda it is called as Pind Brahmand Nyaya where Pind refers to human body and the Brahmand means Lok i.e. Universe and so called as "Yat pinde tat brahmande: Yat brahmande tat pinde¹". In Ayurveda it's detailed description found in Charaka Samhita, where it is stated that the Human body is an epitome of the Universe, all the materials and spiritual phenomenon that are found in universe are present in the human body and all the things which are found in a human body also exist in the universe². It is also called as Law of Universal Uniform.

Key Words Lok Purush Siddhant Darshana Yajurveda

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INTRODUCTION

Lok Purush Samya Siddhant is an important concept of Ayurveda which reveals physical, physiological as well as spiritual correspondence of the universe to the human beings, however explained in several ancient literatures such as Darshana and Veda, it detailed descriptions in Ayurveda found in Charaka Samhita where Lok represents the Universe³ and Purush indicates the Human Being, and stated as "the human being⁴' is an epitome of the universe, all the materials and spiritual phenomenon that are found in universe

are present in the human body and all the things which are found in a human body also contained in the universe ". Their aim to explain it in *Ayurveda* is the achievement of freedom⁶ from all the unhappiness or the grief⁷ i.e. to get rid from all the diseases permanently, that is achievement of *Moksha*. There are several evidences which support this theory at microscopic and macroscopic levels are understood by the *Aptoupdesha*, *Pratyaksha*, *Anumana and Yukti*, *Pramanas*. At present it helps the medical sciences to understand the gross etiopathology and





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managements of several diseases as well as in the maintenance of the healthy life by mean of several measurements such as *Desh*, *Dosha*, *Dhatu*, *Kala* etc. This applied aspects of the *Lok Purush Samya Siddhant* is also seems very helpful from the *Shilaputraka Nyaya* of *Dalhana's Nibandhasamgrah* commentary which tells *Shila* i.e the big stone, it's sculpture or small pieces may differ in their size and appearance, but the basic quality i.e is rockeness (*Shilatwa*) remains the same⁸.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

In ancient Indian text, Narada Purana it has stated that the Param Brahm Naryana is called as Purush, The Abhidhan Kosh has stated that Purush is a synonyms of Param Brahm Parmatma Narayana or Hari also called as Param Chetana. The concept of Param Brahma Narayana and Purush is fairly cleared in Padampurana where the Param Brahm Pramatma or Narayana is called as Purush because of their hosting in this body (Human body) i.e the Narayana stay in

human body making it alive so called as Purush^{9'10}. Also, in Ayurveda it is considered as cause of livingness so called *Purush Sangyak*¹¹ i.e The Sarvavyapaka Nityapurusha is the cause of livingness of the Avyapaka kshetragya. It is Nitya and Nishkriye, it perform their work by their Karan Mana which is Anitya but kriyawaana so it is called as Mana Karan which initiate the formation of Purush by hosting the Panchamahabhuta's Vikara in the Garvbhshaya, same as the Satwaupadana initiate the formation of Lok by showing need of Panchamahabhuta¹². This Satwaupadana is Manakaran because the Atma is single in the universe. Its existence remains from before creation of universe, which then involves in creation of Lok / Universe and the Lok Purush etc13,14. These all reflect that the materials which all are present in Lok also exist in the *Purush* and vice versa. This is called as *Lok* Purush Samya Siddhant i.e the Purush is an epitome of the Universe¹⁵. The following evidences support it.

Table 1 Evidences or criteria supporting Lok Purush Samya Siddhant

Sr. No.	Conclusive criteria	Lokagata bhava	Purushagata bhava
1.	Origin (<i>Utpatti</i>): Everything either <i>Achetana</i> or <i>Chetana</i> all are originated from the <i>Avyaktaawastha</i> ¹⁶	Shaddhatuwatmaka Lok ¹⁷	Shaddhatuwatmaka Purush
2.	Panchabhautika: each and every entity of this universe is constituted by Panchamahabhoot i.e. Akasha, vayu, Agni, Ap and Prithavi	Akasha Vayu Tejas Ap Prithavi	Sushira Pranavayu Abhisantapa Kleda Murthi
3.	Agnishomya	Agnishomya Lok	Shonita (agneya) + Shukra (shomya) =Garbha/Purush (Agnishomya) ¹⁸
4.	Aptagami/ Adhyatma	Brahma Prajapati Indra Aditya	Antaratma Manas Ahankara Adana





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		Rudra	Rosha
		Soma	Prasada
		Vasu	Sukham
		Ashvini	Kanti
		Marut	Utsaha
		Vishvadeva	Sarvendriyani-sarvendriyartha
		Tamas	Moha
		Jyoti	Jnana
5.	Kalachakra	Krityuga	Balyam
		Tretayuga	Youvana
		Dvaparayuga	Sthavirya/ Vriddhawastha
		Kaliyuga	Aturawastha
		Yugant	Marana
		Sarga	Garbhadhana ¹⁹
6.	Fundamental workhood		
	Visarga (union)	Soma	Kapha
	Aadan		
	(transformation)	Surya	Pitta
	Vikshepa	•	
	(movement)	Anila	$Vata^{20}$

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Thus these all reflect how the individual (*Purush*) is a tiny replica or epitome of this vast universe (*Lok*) i.e. how the similarities lies in between outside and inside of the human body. It indicates that any changes occurring in the universe can cause structural and functional changes in human body. That means any structural and functional changes in the body can managed by maintaining the external world or on the basis of external management.

CONCLUSION

All the things which are present outside the human body are also contained inside and vice versa. That means the human beings are the microcosm of the universe. This is called as *Lok Purush Samya Siddhant*. This concept is also supported by ancient Indian literatures such as *Darshana*, *Veda* etc. In *Ayurveda* it is considered as the source of excellent knowledge by which a person can got

ultimate liberation from all the diseases or called achievement ofunhappiness, SO Moksha²¹'²². These days it is proven as very helpful in the maintenance of health²³'²⁴ and in understanding the etiopathology of several diseases and hence their management by mean of several factors, as there are several things which are microscopic or even invisible inside the body²⁵ but are occupying macroscopic or gross profiles outside or in universe. As for example a vata vikara can be managed by maintaining or understanding the characteristics of Lok Vayu. This applied aspects of Lok Purush Samya Siddhant strongly supported by Shilaputraka Nyaya.



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