



Synthesis of Substituted 4-(4-((3-Nitro-2-oxo-2H-chromene-4-yl)amino)phenyl)morpholine-3-one Coumarin Derivatives

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A series of novel 4-(4-amino phenyl) morpholine-3-one substituted coumarin derivatives have been prepared by chloramine coupling reaction and were identified. The novel synthetic route involves nucleophilic substitution reaction of 4-chloro-3-nitro-2H-chromene-2-one with 4-(4-amino phenyl)morpholine-3-one. Due to the presence of nitro group in coumarin derivatives make substitution reaction easy and convenient at low temperature. Using DMF as solvent and K₂CO₃ as base various substituted 4-(4-((3-nitro-2-oxo-2H-chromene-4-yl)amino)phenyl)morpholine-3-one derivatives (YS-1 to YS-10) can be obtain in good yield and high purity. Structural characterization of all synthesized compound was done by NMR, Mass and IR spectra.

Keywords: 4-Chloro-3-nitro-2H-chromene-2-one, 4-(4-Amino phenyl)morpholine-3-one, 4-Hydroxy coumarin.

INTRODUCTION

In the large family of heterocyclic chemistry, coumarin and its derivatives have significant role due to their distinct applications, abundant availability in nature and various routes for its synthesis. The main aim of this research is to synthesize 4-(4-amino phenyl)morpholine-3-one substituted coumarin derivatives. Some researchers [1,2] reported several natural and synthetic coumarin derivatives which behaves as antimicrobial agents. Novobiocin and chlorobiocin are important class of antimicrobials compounds containing coumarin ring [3].

Some substituted coumarin derivatives have antibacterial potential and DNA Gyrase inhibitor potential [4]. Di Braccio *et al.* [5] synthesized coumarin based hydrazine derivative which have antimicrobial property. In the present work, we report the synthesis of 4-(4-((3-nitro-2-oxo-2H-chromene-4-yl)amino)phenyl)morpholine-3-one by a novel synthetic route by chloramine coupling. The interesting chemical and physical properties and the pharmacological effects of aminocoumarin derivatives were the main motivation for starting this research [6]. At first, the 4-amino compound was synthesized as a starting compound for the synthesis of large spectra of new coumarin derivatives [7].

We have designed a series of compounds incorporating coumarin and morpholine moieties in the structure in compounds have been synthesized *via* simple steps. A series of novel 4-(4-amino phenyl)morpholine-3-one substituted coumarin derivatives have been prepared by chloramine coupling [8-10] reaction and were identified by common spectroscopic methods.

EXPERIMENTAL

All the chemicals and solvents used in the reaction were used of Rankem Pvt. Ltd. of analytical grade and hence no need to further purification. Melting points of synthesized compounds was taken by open capillary method. FTIR-8400 spectrophotometer (Shimadzu, Kyoto, Japan) is used for IR spectra characterization, using DRS probe KBr pallet. The Bruker-Avance II (400 MHz) instrument were used for NMR analysis and CDCl₃ used as a solvent. For mass analysis we used GCMS-QP-2010 spectrometer.

Synthesis of INT-a: To well stir round bottom flask containing aniline (0.01 mol), ethylene oxide gas passed [11]. Reaction was continuously monitored on thin layer chromatography. At the end, reaction mixture was cooled and quince in ice water to get INT-a (**Scheme-I**).

Synthesis of INT-b: Chloroacetyl chloride was added in drop wise manner in a previously cooled round bottom flask containing INT-a (0.01 mol), DMF and K_2CO_3 (0.02 mol) maintain the temperature at 0 °C. After completion of the addition, raise the temperature at 60 °C and maintain further 4 h progress of the reaction was monitored on TLC (Scheme-I).

Synthesis of INT-c: In a 250 mL round bottom flask, H_2SO_4 (0.03 mol) was taken and cooled to 0 °C. To this HNO_3 (0.03 mol) was added in a drop-wise manner [12]. To this nitrating mixture INT-b (0.01 mole) was added portion wise. After completion of the addition, reaction mixture was stirred at 60 °C for 3 h reaction mixture was cooled and quince in ice water, after the confirm on TLC that reaction was completed (Scheme-I).

Synthesis of INT-d: In a 250 mL round bottom flask, hydrochloric acid (3 V) was taken and cools to 5 °C. To this tin metal was added. In this reaction mixture, INT-b (0.01 mol) was added and heat the reaction mixture at 70 °C for 5 h. Reaction mixture was cooled and quince in water after the completion of the reaction [13]. Neutralize the mixture with NaOH solution until neutral pH. Extract the reaction mass with ethyl acetate and evaporate ethyl acetate to give INT-d (Scheme-I).

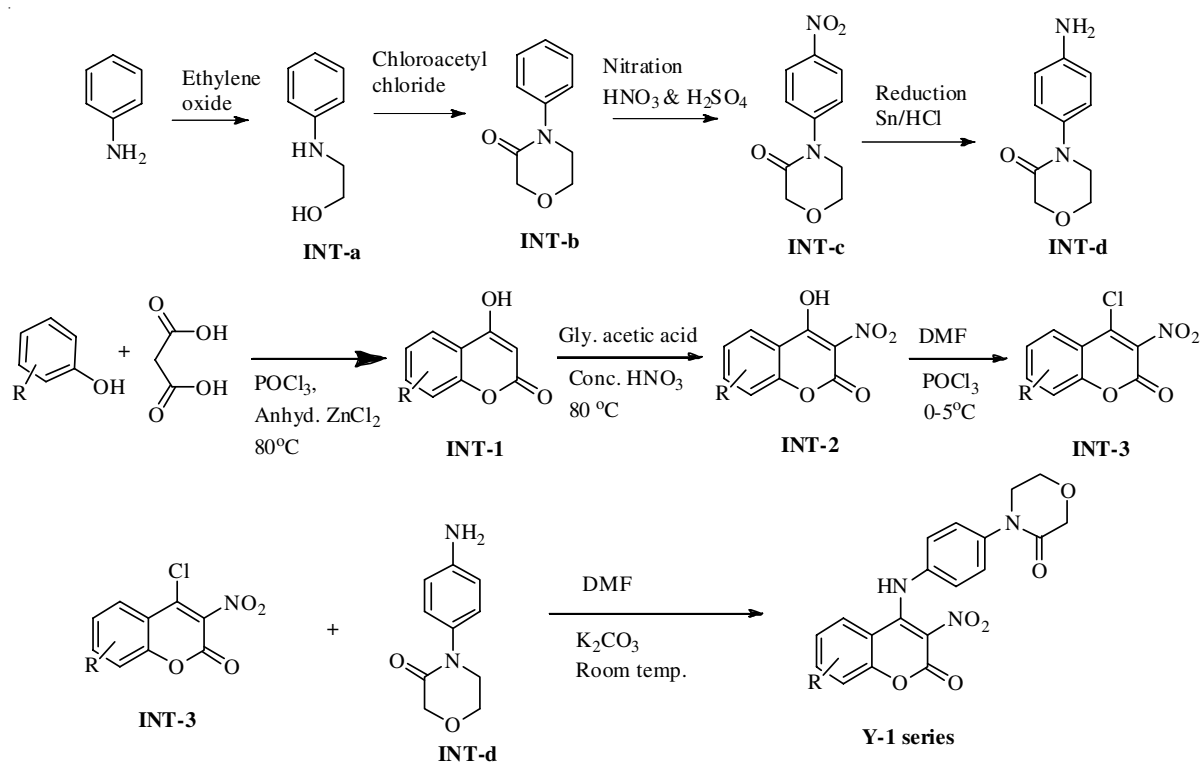
Synthesis of 4-hydroxy coumarin (INT-1): Take malonic acid (0.1 mol) and substituted phenol (0.1 mol) in a 250 mL round bottom flask. To this add phosphorous oxy chloride (40 mL) and previously dried anhydrous zinc chloride (30 g). After the addition raise the temperature at 70 °C and maintain this temperature for 8-10 h in a water bath [14]. Reaction mixture was cooled and quince in crushed ice to afford INT-1 as a solid. Filter the solid and wash with water until free from acid. The separated solid product treated with 10 % sodium bicarbonate solution and filter again to remove undisclosed residue [15].

Finally the filtrate was cooled and acidifies with dilute hydrochloric acid. Cool and settle down the particle and filter again to get pure INT-1 (Scheme-I).

General synthesis of various substituted 4-hydroxy 3-nitro coumarin (INT-2): Nitration of various substituted 4-hydroxy coumarin was carried out with HNO_3 and acetic acid at 80-85 °C for 1.5 h to afford-nitro substituted coumarin. In a round bottom flask, nitric acid (2 equivalent) and acetic acid (5 mL) was mixed and substituted 4-hydroxy coumarin was added. After the addition raise the temperature at 80-85 °C temperature for 1.5 h reaction mixture was cooled and poured into crushed ice to afford yellow coloured solid of 3-nitro 4-hydroxy. Synthesized 3-nitro 4-hydroxy coumarin was characterized by mass, NMR and elemental analysis (Scheme-I).

General synthesis of various substituted 4-chloro 3-nitro coumarin (INT-3): In a round bottom flask, $POCl_3$ (2.5 equivalent) was cooled at 0 °C and to this DMF was added drop wise for 20 min and maintain the temperature at 0 °C then added 4-hydroxy 3-nitro coumarin portion wise to cool the solution [16]. After the addition leave the reaction mixture stir further for 1 h at the end, cool the reaction mixture and poured into the crushed ice and filter the separated product to afford yellowish 4-chloro 3-nitrocoumarin (Scheme-I) [17,18].

General synthesis 4-(4-((3-nitro-2-oxo-2H-chromen-4-yl)amino)phenyl)morpholine-3-one derivatives: In a round bottom flask, 10 mL IPA was cooled and stirred at 0-5 °C, to this substituted 4-chloro-3-nitro-2H-chromen-2-one (0.01 mol) was added followed by addition of 4-(4-aminophenyl)morpholine-3-one (0.1 mol) and potassium carbonate (0.01 mol) was added to the reaction mass [19]. After the addition over, leave the reaction mixture stir at room temperature for 30 min maintain the temperature below 10 °C, after the completion of the reaction evaporate the solvent under vacuum and wash the



Scheme-I

residue with cooled ice water to gives 4-(4-((3-nitro-2-oxo-2H-chromen-4-yl)amino)phenyl)morpholine-3-one in good yield (**Scheme-I**). Purification was done by treating solid mass with dilute hydrochloric acid [20].

Spectral data

4-(4-((3-Nitro-2-oxo-2H-chromen-4-yl)amino)phenyl)morpholine-3-one (YS-01): Yield: 70 %; m.p.: 216-218 °C; m.f.: C₁₉H₁₅N₃O₆, m.w.: 381.34, Appearance: Colourless white, R_f value-0.41 (8:2 ethyl acetate:hexane), ¹H NMR spectra in δ ppm: 3.80 to 3.88 δ ppm (triplet, 2H, -CH₂-O-), 4.03 to 4.11 δ ppm (triplet, 2H, -N-CH₂-), 4.37 δ ppm (singlet, 2H, -CO-CH₂-), 7.0 to 7.6 δ ppm (8 H aromatic region), 11.2 δ ppm (singlet, 1H, -NH-), IR (KBr, ν_{max}, cm⁻¹): 3279, 3076, 2864, 1712, 1650, 1612, 1551, 1513, 1452, 1350, 1307, 1211, 1120, 1061, 996, 853, 753, 692, 626. Mass spectra *m/z*: 381 (M⁺), 363, 336, 318, 290, 277, 262, 248, 235, 221, 207, ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, chloroform-*d*) δ: 132.17, 125.77, 123.30, 122.93, 121.53, 116.19. Elemental analysis (%): C, 59.84; H, 3.96; N, 11.02; Found (%): C, 59.12; H, 3.92; N, 11.09.

4-(4-((8-Chloro-3-nitro-2-oxo-2H-chromen-4-yl)amino)phenyl)morpholine-3-one (YS-02): Yield: 60 %; m.p.: 202-204 °C; m.f.: C₁₉H₁₄N₃O₆Cl, m.w.: 415.78, Appearance: Colourless white, R_f value-0.42 (8:2 ethyl acetate:hexane), ¹H NMR spectra in δ ppm: 3.79 to 3.89 δ ppm (triplet, 2H, -CH₂-O-), 4.01 to 4.11 δ ppm (triplet, 2H, -N-CH₂-), 4.38 δ ppm (singlet, 2H, -CO-CH₂-), 6.9 to 7.4 δ ppm (7H aromatic region), 11.1 δ ppm (singlet, 1H, -NH-). IR (KBr, ν_{max}, cm⁻¹): 3281, 3077, 2865, 1710, 1651, 1615, 1561, 1514, 1438, 1351, 1307, 1212, 1121, 1059, 998, 851, 752, 692, 625. Mass spectra *m/z*: 415 (M⁺) (100.0 %), 417.05 (32.0 %), 416.06 (20.9 %), 418.06 (7.0 %), 417.06 (3.5 %), 416.05 (1.1 %), 419.06 (1.1 %), 363, 336, 318, 290, 277, 262, 248, 235, 221, 207, ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, chloroform-*d*) δ: 133.07, 124.83, 123.91, 123.30, 121.53. Elemental analysis (%): C, 54.89; H, 3.39; Cl, 8.53; N, 10.11; Found (%): C, 49.27; H, 3.40; Cl, 8.50; N, 9.11.

4-(4-((6-Chloro-3-nitro-2-oxo-2H-chromen-4-yl)amino)phenyl)morpholine-3-one (YS-03): Yield: 65 %; m.p.: 296-298 °C; m.f.: C₁₉H₁₄N₃O₆Cl, m.w.: 415.78, Appearance: Colourless white, R_f value-0.43 (8:2 ethyl acetate:hexane), ¹H NMR spectra in δ ppm: 3.80 to 3.89 δ ppm (triplet, 2H, -CH₂-O-), 4.02 to 4.16 δ ppm (triplet, 2H, -N-CH₂-), 4.32 δ ppm (singlet, 2H, -CO-CH₂-), 6.8 to 7.4 δ ppm (7H aromatic region), 11.3 δ ppm (singlet, 1H, -NH-). IR (KBr, ν_{max}, cm⁻¹): 3280, 3077, 2864, 1711, 1650, 1616, 1541, 1539, 1442, 1352, 1307, 1212, 1131, 1049, 997, 851, 752, 690, 625. Mass spectra *m/z*: 415.06 (M⁺) (100.0 %), 417.05 (32.0 %), 416.06 (20.9 %), 418.06 (7.0 %), 417.06 (3.5 %), 416.05 (1.1 %), 419.06 (1.1 %), 363, 336, 318, 290, 277, 262, 248, 235, 221, 207, ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, chloroform-*d*) δ: 132.85, 125.44, 123.30, 121.53, 117.56. Elemental analysis (%): C, 54.89; H, 3.39; Cl, 8.53; N, 10.11; Found (%): C, 49.27; H, 3.40; Cl, 8.50; N, 9.11.

4-(4-((6-Fluoro-3-nitro-2-oxo-2H-chromen-4-yl)amino)phenyl)morpholine-3-one (YS-04): Yield: 74 %; m.p.: 234-236 °C; m.f.: C₁₉H₁₄N₃O₆F, m.w.: 399.33, Appearance: Colourless white, R_f value-0.42 (8:2 ethyl acetate:hexane), ¹H NMR spectra in δ ppm: 3.80 to 3.91 δ ppm (triplet, 2H, -CH₂-O-), 4.02 to 4.16 δ ppm (triplet, 2H, -N-CH₂-), 4.30 δ ppm

(singlet, 2H, -CO-CH₂-), 6.9 to 7.6 δ ppm (7H aromatic region), 11.2 δ ppm (singlet, 1H, -NH-), IR (KBr, ν_{max}, cm⁻¹): 3271, 3258, 2866, 2282, 1692, 1654, 1545, 1538, 1439, 1315, 1309, 1218, 1139, 1040, 878, 851, 768, 655. Mass spectra *m/z*: 399.09 (100.0 %), 400.09 (20.9 %), 401.09 (3.5 %), 400.08 (1.1 %), 363, 336, 318, 290, 277, 262, 248, 235, 221, 207, ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, chloroform-*d*) δ: 123.30, 121.53, 120.14, 119.94, 117.45, 117.37, 112.42, 112.22. Elemental analysis (%): C, 57.15; H, 3.53; F, 4.76; N, 10.52; Found (%): C, 57.10; H, 3.50; F, 4.70; N, 10.20.

4-(4-((6-Bromo-3-nitro-2-oxo-2H-chromen-4-yl)amino)phenyl)morpholine-3-one (YS-05): Yield: 78 %; m.p.: 244-246 °C; m.f.: C₁₉H₁₄N₃O₆Br, m.w.: 460.23, Appearance: Colourless white, R_f value-0.40 (8:2 ethyl acetate:hexane), ¹H NMR spectra in δ ppm: 3.80 to 3.92 δ ppm (triplet, 2H, -CH₂-O-), 4.03 to 4.17 δ ppm (triplet, 2H, -N-CH₂-), 4.31 δ ppm (singlet, 2H, -CO-CH₂-), 6.7 to 7.4 δ ppm (7H aromatic region), 11.2 δ ppm (singlet, 1H, -NH-). IR (KBr, ν_{max}, cm⁻¹): 3371, 3358, 2966, 2282, 1692, 1654, 1546, 1510, 1439, 1325, 1310, 1218, 1129, 1062, 870, 851, 761, 655. Mass spectra *m/z*: 459.01 (100.0 %), 461.00 (97.3 %), 460.01 (20.9 %), 462.01 (20.7 %), 461.01 (3.5 %), 463.01 (3.2 %), 460.00 (1.1 %), 462.00 (1.1 %), 363, 336, 318, 290, 277, 262, 248, 235, 221, 207, ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, chloroform-*d*) δ: 135.16, 128.23, 123.30, 121.53, 117.49. Elemental analysis (%): C, 49.58; H, 3.07; Br, 17.36; N, 9.13; Found (%): C, 49.34; H, 3.01; Br, 17.10; N, 8.18.

4-(4-((6,8-Dimethyl-3-nitro-2-oxo-2H-chromen-4-yl)amino)phenyl)morpholine-3-one (YS-06): Yield: 70 %; m.p.: 216-218 °C; m.f.: C₂₁H₁₉N₃O₆, m.w.: 409.13, Appearance: Off white, R_f value-0.40 (8:2 ethyl acetate:hexane), ¹H NMR spectra in δ ppm: 2.41 δ ppm (singlet, 6H, -CH₃), 3.80 to 3.89 δ ppm (triplet, 2H, -N-CH₂-), 4.11 to 4.18 δ ppm (triplet, 2H, -CO-CH₂-), 6.89 to 7.88 δ ppm (6H, aromatic region), 11.02 δ ppm (singlet, 1H, -NH). IR (KBr, ν_{max}, cm⁻¹): 3779, 3734, 3663, 3643, 3391, 3268, 2920, 2371, 2354, 2281, 1691, 1656, 1597, 1557, 1521, 1486, 1416, 1367, 1311, 1238, 1193, 1125, 1068, 999, 875, 820, 766, 752, 655. Mass spectra *m/z*: 409.13 (100.00 %), 410.13 (23.2 %), 411.13 (4.0 %), 410.12 (1.1 %), 395, 378, 365, 361, 349, 332, 306, 289, 275, 262, 249, 223, 278, 205, ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, chloroform-*d*) δ: 135.60, 123.30, 121.53, 121.29, 20.69, 15.95. Elemental analysis (%): C, 61.61; H, 4.68; N, 10.26; Found (%): C, 60.02; H, 4.37; N, 9.53.

4-(4-((7,8-Dimethyl-3-nitro-2-oxo-2H-chromen-4-yl)amino)phenyl)morpholine-3-one (YS-07): Yield: 58 %; m.p.: 210-212 °C; m.f.: C₂₁H₁₉N₃O₆, m.w.: 409.13, Appearance: Off white, R_f value-0.40 (8:2 ethyl acetate:hexane), ¹H NMR spectra in δ ppm: 2.42 δ ppm (singlet, 6H, -CH₃), 3.78 to 3.89 δ ppm (triplet, 2H, -N-CH₂-), 4.10 to 4.18 δ ppm (triplet, 2H, -CO-CH₂-), 6.89 to 7.89 δ ppm (6H, aromatic region), 11.05 δ ppm (singlet, 1H, -NH). IR (KBr, ν_{max}, cm⁻¹): 3780, 3734, 3663, 3642, 3391, 3268, 2920, 2370, 2354, 2280, 1669, 1657, 1597, 1557, 1521, 1486, 1417, 1367, 1312, 1238, 1193, 1125, 1067, 997, 875, 820, 766, 750, 654. Mass spectra *m/z*: 409.13 (100.00 %), 410.13 (23.2 %), 411.13 (4.0 %), 410.12 (1.1 %), 395, 378, 365, 361, 349, 332, 306, 289, 275, 262, 249, 223, 278, 205, ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, chloroform-*d*) δ 125.00, 123.30, 122.67, 121.53, 19.01, 12.44. Elemental analysis (%): C, 61.61; H, 4.68; N, 10.26; Found (%): C, 60.02; H, 4.37; N, 9.53.

4-(4-((6-Methyl-3-nitro-2-oxo-2H-chromen-4-yl)-amino)phenyl)morpholine-3-one (YS-08): Yield: 67 %; m.p.: 164-166 °C; m.f.: C₂₀H₁₇N₃O₆, m.w.: 395.37, Appearance: Off white, R_f value-0.40 (8:2 ethyl acetate:hexane), ¹H NMR spectra in δ ppm: 2.44 δ ppm (singlet, 3H, -CH₃), 3.80 to 3.84 δ ppm (triplet, 2H, -N-CH₂-), 4.05 to 4.08 δ ppm (triplet, 2H, -CO-CH₂-), 6.91 to 7.75 δ ppm (7H, aromatic region), 11.01 δ ppm (singlet, 1H, -NH). IR (KBr, ν_{max}, cm⁻¹): 3780, 3733, 3692, 3398, 3257, 2911, 2391, 2365, 2281, 1690, 1653, 1598, 1553, 1510, 1484, 1416, 1366, 1314, 1238, 1193, 1122, 1050, 999, 875, 820, 768, 751, 654. Mass spectra *m/z*: 395.11 (100.0 %), 396.12 (22.1 %), 397.12 (3.6 %), 396.11 (1.1 %), 378, 365, 349, 331, 306, 289, 275, 262, 249, 224, 219, 206, ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, chloroform-*d*) δ 133.73, 123.97, 123.30, 121.53, 115.73, 20.71. Elemental analysis (%): C, 60.76; H, 4.33; N, 10.63; Found (%): C, 60.70; H, 4.21; N, 9.40.

4-(4-((7-Methyl-3-nitro-2-oxo-2H-chromen-4-yl)amino)-phenyl)morpholine-3-one (YS-09): Yield: 77 %; m.p.: 186-188 °C; m.f.: C₂₀H₁₇N₃O₆, m.w.: 395.37, Appearance: Off white, R_f value-0.41 (8:2 ethyl acetate:hexane), ¹H NMR spectra in δ ppm: 2.43 δ ppm (singlet, 3H, -CH₃), 3.75 to 3.82 δ ppm (triplet, 2H, -N-CH₂-), 4.04 to 4.08 δ ppm (triplet, 2H, -CO-CH₂-), 6.92 to 7.76 δ ppm (7H, aromatic region), 11.06 δ ppm (singlet, 1H, -NH), IR (KBr, ν_{max}, cm⁻¹): 3780, 3733, 3692, 3398, 3257, 2911, 2391, 2365, 2281, 1690, 1653, 1598, 1553, 1510, 1484, 1416, 1366, 1314, 1238, 1193, 1122, 1050, 999, 875, 820, 768, 751, 654. Mass spectra *m/z*: 395.11 (100.0 %), 396.12 (22.1 %), 397.12 (3.6 %), 396.11 (1.1 %), 378, 365, 361, 348, 332, 306, 289, 274, 262, 249, 224, 219, 204, ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, chloroform-*d*) δ 126.08, 123.69, 123.30, 121.53, 115.31, 22.22. Elemental analysis (%): C, 60.76; H, 4.33; N, 10.63; Found (%): C, 60.70; H, 4.21; N, 9.40.

4-(4-((8-Methyl-3-nitro-2-oxo-2H-chromen-4-yl)-amino)phenyl)morpholine-3-one (YS-10): Yield: 75 %; m.p.: 180-182 °C; m.f.: C₂₀H₁₇N₃O₆, m.w.: 395.37, Appearance: Off white, R_f value-0.40 (8:2 ethyl acetate:hexane), ¹H NMR spectra in δ ppm: 2.45 δ ppm (singlet, 3H, -CH₃), 3.80 to 3.82 δ ppm (triplet, 2H, -N-CH₂-), 4.05 to 4.07 δ ppm (triplet, 2H, -CO-CH₂-), 6.90 to 7.75 δ ppm (7H, aromatic region), 11.00 δ ppm (singlet, 1H, -NH-), IR (KBr, ν_{max}, cm⁻¹): 3777, 3732, 3693, 3643, 3399, 3258, 2910, 2391, 2364, 2281, 1692, 1653, 1599, 1553, 1511, 1484, 1416, 1367, 1315, 1238, 1193, 1121, 1058, 999, 875, 820, 767, 751, 655. Mass spectra *m/z*: 395 (M⁺), 378, 365, 361, 349, 332, 306, 289, 275, 262, 249, 223, 218, 205. ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, chloroform-*d*) δ 133.86, 123.30, 122.42, 122.22, 121.53, 15.96. Elemental analysis (%): C, 60.76; H, 4.33; N, 10.63; Found (%): C, 60.70; H, 4.21; N, 9.40.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

We have prepared a library of novel 4-(4-amino phenyl)-morpholine-3-one containing different coumarin derivatives by chloroamine coupling reaction using inorganic base and DMF as solvent at low temperature which results is 4-(4-((3-nitro-2-oxo-2H-chromen-4-yl)amino)phenyl)morpholine-3-one derivatives. The formation of 4-(4-((3-nitro-2-oxo-2H-chromen-4-yl)amino)phenyl)morpholine-3-one by this method

was first developed by us. All the synthesized compounds were obtained in good to moderate yield. All synthesized compounds were characterized by IR, NMR and mass spectroscopy.

CONFLICT OF INTEREST

The authors declare that there is no conflict of interests regarding the publication of this article.

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