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SOCIAL ACTIVISM IN SOCIAL SCIENCE EDUCATION: A SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY, AND EFFECTS OF SOCIAL SCIENCES IN MEDIA SOCIETY

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ABSTRACT

Social work profession to promote social change and development, social cohesion and the empowerment of people and liberation. Social justice, principles of human rights, collective responsibility and respect for diversity are embedded in social work. Social work theory, social sciences, humanities and indigenous knowledge-based, social work to attract people and structures to deal with life's challenges and improve welfare. Practice and professional social work has more modern origins of science, and is generally considered to have developed out of three stocks. First, individual cases, by the charity association in the mid-19th century to create a strategy. Second, social management, including various forms of poverty relief "poor relief." Statewide poverty can be said to have its roots in 17th-century English Poor Law, but through the efforts of charity associations, the first systematic. Third by the Social Action - rather than individual needs immediate resolution to engage, through community focus groups and cooperation in order to improve their social conditions, so as to reduce poverty and political action. This method was originally developed by resettlement housing movement.

KEYWORDS: Social Activism, Science Education, E-media Society, Communities

INTRODUCTION

Scientific knowledge begin to connect with social activities, and in strengthening the formal school experience. Science education, as one of its main objectives, the introduction of social activism among students so that they become informed scientific and socially responsible youth and adults (AAAS [AAAS], 1989, 1993, National Research Commission [NRC], 1996, the national Science teachers Association [NSTA], 1993 Nian). Social activity not only take personal responsibility for behavior and social problems, but also affect the behavior of others, including parents, friends, relatives, neighbors, or local businesses (broth and Gomez, 2001; Fusco, 2001, La Salim, 2002). The first step in achieving this goal is to raise awareness of social activity of students. However, for various reasons (for example, standards-based test) Initiative is rarely explicitly taught in schools. As a result, the United States has long been expected students to passively "pick up" the idea of social action, as they continue their educational experience. How effective is this approach? Study reveals student activism in the United States has been declining for decades (Apple, 1979, 2000; Giroux, 2002; Noddings, 1984). In this regard, educators across the country called on the course of action in the field of content-related information and guidance more explicit inclusion.

Science, with its various branches, such as ecology and environmental studies, particularly suitable for adaptation

rich radical course. In fact, recent scientific discoveries and technological advances highlighted the significance of individual behavior (for example, depending on the sport utility vehicle) global events (for example, the Earth's climate change; the American Geophysical Union, 2003). Promote the reform of science education students and their understanding of scientific concepts to solve real-world problems in order to instill understanding social action applications. Citizens must be scientific knowledge and understanding, in order to consume what they buy and how educational decision, and investment (Scrase, 1997). Scientific importance of personal and social environment in a prominent science education reform documents (AAAS, 1989, 1993; NRC, 1996; NSTA, 1993).

To respond to this call on the country's reform efforts, the author, has a group of experts in the field together to develop a wealth of action, primary school science curriculum. Use the new curriculum, this study explores the relationship between awareness and scientific knowledge of the contents of students' social activities between. Before and after the implementation of the curriculum, fifth grade students to answer key scientific issues to resolve text prompts, increasing the greenhouse effect and global warming. This topic is particularly vulnerable to examine students on social activities, because environmental problems are mainly caused by human activity, which can be thought through individual efforts of (Rosenthal, 1990) controlled. It is also a suitable theme to examine students' knowledge of content, because it requires a deep understanding of scientific concepts to explain this complex phenomenon.

Professional social work originated in 19th century England, has its roots in the social and economic turmoil caused by the industrial revolution, in particular the social struggle to deal with the resulting material foundation of the city, poverty and its associated problems. Because poverty is the main focus of the early social work, it was with the idea of the intricacies of charitable work together. Technical and scientific achievements of the 19th century saw a huge leap forward. There is also a large migration to urban areas throughout the Western world, which led to many social problems. This galvanized socially active, prosperous middle class and upper class to find ways to improve physical and mental condition of the poor underclass. "Science and Charity" new ideas emerged, indicating that the charity should be "secular, reason and experience, rather than sectarian, sentimental, and dogmatic social work uses a team approach is multidisciplinary, and its goal is to provide a serve those who need help, especially the old, the young, the poor, ill-treatment, abuse, disability, unemployment, sick and homeless. its approach is to use existing resources to solve security problems, so that customers can help themselves in long.

INTERNATIONAL DEFINITION OF SOCIAL WORK

Capacity of the social work profession to promote social change, problem solving in interpersonal relationships and the empowerment of people and liberation, and enhance well-being. Utilising theories of human behavior and social systems, people involved in social work there and their environment interaction points. Principles of human rights and social justice is the foundation of social work. Social work is based on evaluation from research and practice, including specific to its context and indigenous knowledge of local sources of evidence informed knowledge systematic method body. It recognizes and changes affected multiple effects on them, including complex interactions of biological, psychological factors, humans and their environment, people have the ability between. Social work profession draws on human development and behavior and social systems to analyze complex situations and to promote the theory of individual, organizational, social and cultural change. Professional social workers to promote health and well-being of individuals, families, institutions and communities. Social workers are agents of change in many different settings, and

working with different groups of people. Social work practice is a function, including clinical, counseling, case management and care coordination array of services; the development and management programs; supervise staff and volunteers; developing and implementing policies; research, program planning, community development and community-based organizations; and provide training, education and counseling. People who work throughout the life cycle of social workers in particular in the service who have complex health, economic and psychological needs, and who have physical and mental disorders, working with limited income, who have suffered discrimination and health disparities.

THE CONCEPT OF SOCIAL WORK PRACTICE

"Social work", which is the media discourse build definition, social workers will soon realize, is the way - the media Construction. Social Work Education encourages students to acquire knowledge about the industry, society and work with them, from their involvement with a wide range of disciplines, rather than from the media people - but may be influential. It may be better to ensure that the efforts in the development, in which the media construct of social workers and professional manner critical eye guidance. Previously, it was believed, social work, requires the development and the press (Aya, 2001) relationship. While there was general support for this, Aldridge, back in 1991, that this is challenging in view of the press sometimes sacrifice showcase economic benefits equitable reported. However, it is clear that these institutions, who work together or with social work values, use the media to promote public awareness and social problems, so it is important to keep in line with the social work profession relationship between the potential and the media.

SOCIAL BEHAVIOR

Sociology is a social behavior, including scientific or academic research its origins, development, organization and institutions. Studies have shown that different animals, including humans, share a similar type of social behavior, such as aggression and bonding. It can also be used a primitive brain of the same species, such as ants. Although some aspects of human and animal species, such as shared social behavior of ants, human social behavior is much more complex.

For example, dodge and weave through the crowd is not social behavior, usually yes. Others argue that a simple physical object, a certain reflection of human disorders. Whether it is maintained in the parade step in social behavior. Other demonstrators were kind and coordination of human movement. Neither social behavior surgery. The patient is unique and certain related biological potential and deployment of physical objects. However, let the actors involved with another self, as a man pushed through the crowd know a friend, a demonstrators believe that the other is trying to get him out of step, or a surgeon operating on his son, the full significance of changes in the situation.

With this understanding of society, let me now define social behavior, actions and practices. Social behavior is any intention, goals, plans, objectives, etc., which contains another self. These may affect other people's emotions, intentions, or beliefs; or to predict the behavior of others, examples of social behavior or action is practices.1 courtship, helping another run for political office, teaching, buying gifts, or want I embarrassed enemy.

FAMILY STRUCTURE

Two basic types of families is one of the core and extended family. Nuclear family by the father, mother and children living together under one roof. In the nuclear family, although individuals make their own decisions more

autonomy and freedom, they also tend to be busy lives demand tired, does not have a family to support and assistance. Child care is often a serious problem, especially if both parents work. Some children grow up in a nuclear family without their grandparents much knowledge, family background, history and tradition. When there are problems and stress, often because of the nuclear family to help family members of a limited few. Family is composed of all members of a nuclear family, plus grandparents, aunts, uncles and / or cousins, all living together, family. In traditional African societies, most families are extended. A generation ago in our society, family life closer, more intimate together. Today, more and more families are becoming nuclear, especially those living in urban areas. Urbanization, in fact, one of the major increase in nuclear family reasons. Many people drift to urban areas in search of work, as well as the newly established couple found it increasingly difficult from their meager resources to support the family. In fact, there is a need to support family members who has more. In addition, different needs, and living under one roof so many personality often lead to conflict. On the other hand, a family also means more help and support each other in times of crisis.

CHARACTER

The family is very important in the human child character building. How to deal with a child decide to a large extent, how the child will feel as her own development. She will have the confidence (or she) will be given her according to her family as a foster child is unsafe. In my opinion, to build confidence and self-esteem is what is most important. This is different from a modern point of view, we should keep the child said how much we love him (her) a bit. It provides an atmosphere of love, help build confidence and self-esteem, but it is not the ultimate goal. To establish confidence, we need to do more than just say, "I love you" every five minutes. We need to help and guide the child to complete her own things. We need no more than critical, but still honest. One of the children to learn how to detect the first thing bogusness adults in the family!

My own experience has confirmed, I think this is very important to be up front and honest child. It often leads to tragedy when a child can be observed that their parents will lead to the false and insincere life. Children really need to have respect for others, especially their parents. It somehow contribute in a positive way their character development.

SOCIAL WELFARE

Because of various problems faced by the community, the state has recognized the need for social welfare services. This refers to formal organizations, and community-sponsored institutions, agencies and programs, in order to maintain or improve the economic and social conditions in certain health or the ability of individuals, or all parts of the population. Welfare services are called social work. Let's look at the goal of social work services.

The purpose of social work services

- Improve people's ability to cope and solve problems;
- To help adult children, youth and social issues;
- To provide rehabilitation services, personal body in prison Disability, parents and their communities;
- Assist communities to initiate useful programs available for people to use Community resources;
- The link system to provide them with services, resources and opportunity;

- To promote the effective operation of these systems;
- Research (ie, case studies, surveys, observation, etc.); and
- Promote social policy development and improvement.

More recently, refugees in many countries, and there is an in need of social welfare services to further expand. Because of the increased crime and juvenile delinquency, the need to provide social work education departments or ministries of internal services. Large industries, workers and services, so that they have their social or health-related issues recommendations.

DEFINITION OF SOCIAL WORK

Any attempt to explore the inevitability of the social worker's role and functions necessary to seek answers, or at least a basic problem in the address - What is social work? Here we are concerned not to indulge semantics, although about social work is framed in the language in which a serious problem, which we will come back later. Instead, our main purpose is to determine the definition of social work as a social movement. This logic is very simple. If you do not know is consistent with some ideas of what constitutes social work, it is almost impossible to determine what the role of social workers might be; what kind of skills and expertise, social workers should have; what kind of training and education it is suitable for social workers; it is what distinguishes it from other professional social work. What is the difference is to take social work may also explain part of the social workers say between what they want to achieve and complete, within what they can within the limits of its operating gap institutional setting is reached. This can be partly explained by those who seek to enter the social work profession, when they are at work, they encounter any expectations gap. This may also explain the material and documents relating to training institutions used rarely provide training courses (although there are some exceptions) intends to offer students what social work is the fact that any definition.

SOCIAL WORK AND SOCIAL CONTROL

What is also clear is that, regardless of the legal or effective concept of social work is considered, from another perspective, social work can be seen as an agent of social control. Far from resolved and inequality in which we live, it may serve to maintain or continue to promote this very unequal social and economic system, an important role. Rather than liberation, it can be seen as oppressive, and for this reason it is not really claim to be based on core values.

SOCIETY SOCIAL WORK

The term "social work values" refers to a set of beliefs about what is considered to be the overall quality of the principles and ideals of a social work environment (worthy or valuable about the nature of the good society in general belief, how action to achieve or professional practitioners character). Social workers should respect, protect, and defend each person's physical, mental, emotional and spiritual integrity and well-being. They should strive to promote individuals and groups in society and the best interests of harm avoidance work.

CONCLUSIONS

The first year of social policy transformation can be more accurately referred to as social policy, due to the new and sharp social issues "to resolve the crisis" period, that is, before the 't exist or is not visible, hidden or marginalized.

Changes in social security is one of the key points of transition. The previous system is generic, which is characterized by mandatory allowance flat rate benefits from the state budget under the control of the use of funds, subsidies and basic social services, supplemented by products and services. As the three pillars of social security, a man almost destroyed social insurance. Country-led social security provider and the financing of social security and social support of large-scale dominate. After 1989, the main purpose is to transform "social concern social assistance." In Slovakia both social transformation and social policy can be considered as terminated. Still there is a change in these areas, but we believe that an integral part of their development. Restructuring or rebuilding an independent social work and other professional and scientific disciplines better still in the process. The results showed that the post-communist countries is almost entirely grouped at the lowest levels of the organization membership. Those members of the communist countries and levels have dropped significantly compared to the post-authoritarian countries when, in particular, yes. As part of the embodiment unions, the voluntary organizations to participate in post-communist countries than the older democracies and posttotalitarian state is much lower. People may only bring material benefit, or reward, the activity can be considered interesting idea. Participation outside personal interests are so low. However, the trend in the post-modern world, on the contrary, citizens should be in the public interests. Social and political networks should level organization, nonhierarchical. Therefore, in these communities, it is important task is to strengthen civic solidarity, civic participation and integrity. In this context, voluntary service is a basic phenomenon that the third millennium will only increase the importance of the global community. Volunteers to help civil society in the individual and social level, in order to eliminate negative phenomena.

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